Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

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Hoyt on Finance.

Professing to be an honest man, the candidate of an honest organization, I favor honest money.

The volume of the currency should be regulated by legitimate demand, and not by the requirements of bankrupts and wild speculators.

The currency should be redeemable as early as the exigencies of the Government will permit, in the currency recognized by all civilized nations.

The contracts of the Government should be held as sacred as the contracts of individuals, and the bonds, the evidence of its indebtedness, should be paid according to the understanding between the Government and the lender.

—Speech at Butler, Sept. 2, 1878.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

VOTE early and often next Tuesday.

A VOTE for Dill is a vote for cipher politics.

VOTE for Simler and the whole ticket.

THE Centre Hall *Reporter*, says the *Watchman*, is a thief.

A VOTE for Hoyt is a vote for honesty, reform and good government.

WE advise every Democratic paper in the State to sell its roosters.

THE whole State ticket should receive your able and earnest support.

LET every citizen remember that the Republican party is the party of honest government.

"I HAVE my heels on Dill's neck," will be the general sentiment next Tuesday night.

LOOK out for mixed tickets. Examine them carefully before you vote.

NEXT Tuesday will decide whether or not the people mean to pay their honest debts with honest money.

GIVE Hoyt your vote next Tuesday. He is an honest man and the candidate of an honest party.

THIS week's *Watchman* will contain a pack of DEMOCRATIC LIES about General Hoyt. Nail them, voters!

THE Mifflin county Greenback ticket didn't stand long. Several of the nominees declined to run.

THE Clearfield Democratic organ pipes elegantly to Coffee Pot Wallace's tunes. It don't gulp down Alexander very well, "howsumever."

SIX hundred majority for Gephart, is the *Watchman's* estimate. We make it about that much on 'tother side.

VIGILENCE committees should be on the alert next Tuesday. Every Republican vote in the county must be polled.

ANDY DILL said, in 1861, that this union could not be preserved by force of arms. Will you vote for a rebel sympathizer?

'SQUIRE GEPHART, who wants to be a member of the Legislature, headed a rebel mob from Pennsvalley that started for Bellefonte to release from jail a brother traitor.

"WAS anything ever so insignificant as the present Washington administration?" — *Watchman*. Yes; the *Watchman* editor was even more so the morning after the late delegate election. Don't it, hey?

"VISHVEBHYODVEBYHAHA SWAHA," is what the master of ceremonies says at a Hindoo cremation while the body is burning. Andy Dill will say worse things than that next Tuesday night.

IT is somewhat singular how "meagre" the returns are which our Democratic exchanges received from Ohio, Vermont, Iowa and Colorado. From West Virginia and Indiana they were very "full."

The Election.

We are almost on the eve of one of the most important elections ever held in this State. Questions of vital importance to the people of the State and Nation are to be decided in this contest—whether the fruits of the victory gained in the late war shall be saved or lost? Whether the Nation will be honest and pay its honest debts in honest money? Whether protection to American industry shall be fostered and the labor of the country protected? These and other important issues are pending in this contest. It is, therefore, a very important question for every citizen to consider how he shall vote. The Republican party have, for candidates, men who are not strangers; men who have been the friends of the people, and have always worked for the interest of their State.

For Governor, Henry M. Hoyt, a faithful soldier, an upright man, on the important issue of an honest money for the poor and rich alike, has declared himself in no uncertain way. That he will be elected, no well informed man of any party pretends to deny.

Charles W Stone is our candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and Aaron K. Dunkle for Secretary of Internal Affairs. This completes our State ticket, and we hope every Republican will do his whole duty for these men. They will be elected; but we should see that they have a good rousing majority, that shall express in positive tones the sentiment of the people of this State, for purity, honesty and faithfulness to our dearest interest in the administration of our Government.

On our Judiciary ticket we have for Supreme Judge James P. Sterrett, one of the brightest legal minds in the State, far ahead of his Democratic antagonist. As for the Nationals' candidate, Agnew, while we have nothing to say to his detriment, yet we do say that a vote cast for him will be thrown away, and only make possible, as far as a vote can, the success of the Democratic candidate, a result which would be deprecated by every true Republican and every citizen who desires to see our best men on the supreme bench. Let us all guard carefully at the polls next Tuesday the interest of our noble candidate, James P. Sterrett.

For President Judge for the 25th Judicial District we have no candidate. The Democratic party present Charles A. Mayer, while Chas. S. McCormick runs independent. Both of these men are Democrats, and our party being without a candidate, are at liberty to choose between them. We now come to our county ticket: For Congress and State Senate we have no candidates. Our opponents present Andrew G. Curtin and Seth H. Yocum, for Congress, and Cyrus T. Alexander and S. Woods Caldwell for State Senate. We have no doubt but that the most of our party will cast their ballots for Yocum and Caldwell. But the field is open, and between two evils. Every Republican voter must choose for himself, or else not vote at all for these officers. For Legislature, Harry Simler, of Philipsburg, is the only candidate of our party. The most of the Republican vote will also be cast for Cephas L. Gramley, National nominee. We hope all Republicans will vote solid for Simler, and give him as good a vote as possible. He is worthy of a generous support, and if elected, will be a credit to our county in the councils of the State. Vote solid for Simler. Austin Curtin, our candidate for Sheriff, is working hard, and expects to be elected. The prospects of his success are good. Great dissatisfaction is expressed with the nominee of the Democracy. All parties who desire to break the power of the ring, should use all their influence for Curtin. If this is done, his election is beyond question. Our candidate for Treasurer, George A. Bayard, has withdrawn in favor of Portter W. Burkett, the National candidate, who will receive the Republican vote in connection with the vote of his own party. The prospect of his election is very flattering. Mr. Burkett was formerly a Republican, and will no doubt make a good officer. The balance of our ticket can be found in onother column. Let every Republican do his whole duty for every man on it. Let us show that the good, old Republican party of Centre is a vital, living force that cannot be swept out of existence by any wild fanatical frenzy that sweeps over the county turning men into crazy theorists. Vote the solid Republican ticket next Tuesday.

A Lie Nailed.

There are parties throughout the county reporting stories that Andy Gregg, our Republican Commissioner, "farmed" the office to which he had been chosen. This story does Mr. Gregg great injustice. We say without fear of contradiction, that our county never had a more faithful and efficient officer, and many times when the clerk was sick, Mr. Gregg performed these duties. Was it not as well for the tax-payer to pay Mr. Gregg, as to pay a clerk, and will not the interest of the county be more carefully guarded by having an efficient thorough bookkeep, than if all these officers are unacquainted with the intricacies of this establishment.

Below we give a statement from Mr. Beck, commissioners clerk, as to the number of days each officer served during the year 1876:

J. N. Hall, 173 days; Andrew Gregg, 181 days; H. A. Mingle, 131 day. During the year 1877 each one served as follows: J. N. Hall, 181 days; Andrew Gregg, 189 days; H. A. Mingle, 120 days.

Confusion Worst Confounded.

In the present contest in this county there will be no end of *bogus tickets*, and the voter will have to look sharp to avoid deception. Every voter should attend to this matter himself. Do not trust it to another. Every effort will be made by our opponents to induce men to cast votes for this or that man not on our ticket. No good Republican will waver. It is principles we are voting for, not men, only so far as they represent principle. Let us vote the solid Republican ticket and no other, except where we have no candidate in the field. Fraudulent tickets, well calculated to deceive the voter, are being circulated. We warn all Republicans to beware of them.

Fraudulent Tickets.—Look out for fraudulent and mixed tickets. No Republican should cast his ballot, without first seeing that it is all right. Fraudulent tickets of various kinds will be circulated by Democrats and candidates. BEWARE OF THEM.

JOHN BOILLEAUX, charged, in connection with Alexander S. Levine, of Philadelphia, with obtaining money from the State Treasury by forgery and false pretence, was discharged, there being no evidence to hold him for court.

Don't be Deceived.—Let every Republican see that his State, Judiciary and County tickets are all right before he polls them.

Our Bank Busted.

Our friends well know that not long since we started a bank because of having been imbued with the foolish notion that 'twould be no trouble to manufacture all the money we needed to pay off our indebtedness. Well, like Nasby, we "pooled our ishoos" with another fellow and organized the bank, expecting everything to go off smoothly. The firm's private debt aggregated one million dollars, which we blotted out by putting out pieces of paper with the words "one dollar" printed thereon. At first, the bills went like hot cakes, for the poor chaps who took them supposed our currency was valuable. To their utter astonishment and great consternation, *their* creditors refused to take them because the notes were only *promises* to pay. Merchants and manufacturers knew perfectly well that we had no collateral with which to make good our promises. The cost of producing our money was little or nothing, and hence, with the absence of collateral, they became utterly worthless.

The first day after our creditors began repudiating our money, there was a terrible rush on the bank. Before daylight we posted on the door the following: "The President of the Unlimited Fiat Banking Company has gone to his grand mother's funeral. Will return soon." Our grandmother lived in Canada, and it took sometime to put the venerable dame under ground. However, we kept posted on events about home. The first persons to get out of humor were our employes, of whom we had quite a number. They swore vengeance upon us, we were informed. By ten o'clock, the vicinity of the bank was a perfect pandemonium, because of the immense crowd of people who had our money. The maddened mob fairly boiled with rage because of the great wrong we had done them. Thousands who had invested in real estate, and the day before were worth millions, found themselves utterly ruined on account of the great depreciation of our money.

We didn't put in an appearance for a long time, and during the interval oaths loud and deep were heard issuing from our patrons. "Contwist his grandmother," one fellow said;" "He's a gosh-dasted rascal, and deserves to be tarred and feathered," shouted another, while a third exclaimed, "I'll swang if he isn't the biggest swindler in these yer parts!" So matters went. To tell the truth, we had been a bankrupt, and took this method of clearing the docket of all judgments. Our career as a banker ended most ignominiously, and we retired disgusted.

COL. FORNEY, who is just home from Europe, says Grant is the man to lead the Republican party in 1880. We have no objection to running the old gentleman once more. The deeper we look into matters the stronger are we convinced that such a man as Grant should be at the head of affairs. We wouldn't have so many Southern outrages—murders, etc.—as are now daily perpetrated. Nothing under the heavens will prevent these outrages but a quota of soldiers at the polling places. In South Carolina, for instance, where Hampton rules, the best of promises were given for the abolishment of the shot-gun policy, but vows are worthless among murderers. The number of outrages, instead of decreasing, is growing larger.

AT a meeting of prominent Democrats in Philadelphia, early last week, all hope of electing their State ticket was given up, and from that time until election day their efforts were to be directed to the Legislature. Hip, hip, hurrah! Rippity rah! for Hoyt, the honest, intelligent Hoyt!

'SQUIRE GEPHART is not entitled to a Republican vote. Republicans are not ready to place men in power who acted as he did during the war.

"Do You?"

Do you endorse the course of Andy Dill, the tool of big corporations?

Do you want to re-establish in power the party that once ruled you almost to bankruptcy, and robbed you of your money and credit?

Do you want to vote for a man who helped steal nine millions of dollars from the State Treasury?

Do you want to put in power the man who declared that this Union could not be preserved by force of arms?

Dont you want to vote for a man who served but thirty days (including Sundays) in the army, and who is the opponent of an honest, gallant soldier?

Do you want to place in power a set of public thieves, salary grabbers and plunderers?

Do you desire to honor a man who tried to straddle the Methodist people of this State, but who, fortunately, will straddle him?

Do you desire to help pay $300,000,000 of rebel claims and have no tariff?

Do you want to burden the laboring man with the oppressive rulings of a despotic, rebelistic set of thieves and gamblers?

Do you believe in elevating to power the party that declared, at Chicago, in 1861, that the war was a failure?

Do you believe the contemptible falsehoods circulated by a dishonest set of whisky bloats?

Do you favor the aiding of corporations and other burdensome institutions?

If you do, vote for Andy Dill, the most unworthy man ever put up for your suffrages. Dill is an enemy of the laboring man, and his course clearly proves it. If you want to place in power a lot of corrupt politicians and place-men, cast your ballot for Corporation Legislator Dill, who was born under the roof of a parsonage.

The Temperance Question.

It is an established fact that Lock Haven has now more licensed hotels and liquor shops than her necessities demand. For the past ten years there has been indiscriminate licensing of these houses, without any consideration whatever for the demands of the public, or the character of the applicants; and in many of these the requirements of the law were far from being fulfilled. There are cases where men have secured tavern license when it was a known fact that they did not have even one bed in the house. Again our temperance men have found great difficulty in securing the conviction of men who violated the liquor laws by selling without license, to minors and on Sunday. Obstacles have been placed in their way and their progress has been retarded at every step. It is now almost an impossibility to convict a liquor seller. It is rumored that even Grand Juries are tampered with. Be this as it may there is evidently something wrong in the temple of Justice, and a change, that would benefit the whole people and not a certain class, should be effected as soon as possible. If the temperance people desire justice they should carefully weigh this judicial question and select the man whose opposition to promiscuous licensing is best known to the community at large.

Ever since our connection with the *Republican* we have been fighting the liquor business in this city, the result of which has already made itself manifest in a decrease in the number of gin mills; but our work is only half done, and until every slop-shop is swept away we will continue the war. We shall use every honorable means to accomplish this end, and if it cannot be done by law we must appeal to the people to meet the issue fairly and squarely at the ballot, and elect men to office who are known to be antagonistic to licensing or countenancing these hell holes.—*Clinton Republican.*

WE have nearly $700,000,000 paper money in circulation, and the entire volume has already reached a practical equality with coin, the difference being only the minor fraction of a cent on the dollar. Will the country listen to the demands of the irredeemable paper advocates, abandon what has already been accomplished, and return again to the experiences of the past?—[Montrose *Independent Republican.*

Newspaper Jottings.

—The *Industrial Advocate*, of Scranton, now appears as a daily.

—The Olean *Times* proposes to issue a daily about the first of November.

—James Johnston, proprietor of the London *Standard*, is dead.

—Mr. J. O. Smith has purchased the *Somerset Reporter*, Skowhegan, Me.

—Browning Bros. have sold the Batavia (O.) *Courier* to J. R. Woodbury.

—James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York *Herald*, will soon return to Europe.

—The weekly edition of the New York *Times* is offered from now until the 1st of January for 25 cents.

—The Stubenville *Herald* nominates John Sherman for the Presidency.

—"Lay in your coal," advises the Hackensack *Republican*. For our part we much prefer a comfortable bed.—*Ex.*

—Mr. Redfield, Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, has bought a fine residence in Washington.

—The Bradford *Breeze*—which has been a very spicy *Breeze*—is now published every evening instead of Sunday, as formerly.

—The New Haven *Courier* enquires, "What is to be done?" The question up this way is, "who shall we get to do it?"—*Riggs.*

—The volume of *Punch* cartoons, illustrating the political career of Lord Beaconsfield, has already reached a sale of 60,000 copies.

—This is for printers only. Nearly every printer's son is a Jeffer's son. But let not the spirit of compos be proud.—*Albany Argus.*

—Editors have to be very careful with the public men who are wounded by a paragraph but tickled with a column.—*Chicago News.*

—The Springfield *Republican* is doing something after all for the cause of righteousness. It has contributed an editor to the ministry.

—Howard M. Jenkins, late of the Wilmington, Del., *Commercial*, has accepted a position on the editorial staff of the Philadelphia *Times*.

—The Illinois *State Journal*, at Springfield, has been sold to Horace Chapin and W. F. Simmons, of Jacksonville, Ill.

—The Southington (Ct.) *Phœnix* has been sold by Mr. Walkley to E. R. Newell, who has been its editor for the last two years. Success to him.

—The Glasgow (Ky.) *Times* thus alludes to a recent Ohio event: "An Ohio woman had five children at a single entertainment a few weeks since."

—Morton McMichael, editor of the Philadelphia *North American*, has recently returned from Europe, where he has been spending his vacation.

—The Clearfield *Citizen*, a Greenback organ, has appeared in the town of Clearfield. It is an eight-page sheet, six of which are printed on the "patent" plan.

—A Mr. Hazzard is the gentleman who has proved himself an expert at cryptography. It was he who furnished the *Tribune* with a correct key to the infamous cypher telegrams.

—Col. J. Keating was at one time during the yellow fever scourge the only editor able to be at his post in the Memphis *Appeal* office, and he was assisted by but one compositor. Twenty-eight out of thirty employés had the fever.

—We bid a lasting farewell to the Altoona *National* this time; but for fear it should again be revived, we have ordered the foreman to keep this item "alive" for such an emergency. Let all Altoonians sing, "Dearest Johnny (Tomlinson) thou hast left us, and thy loss we deeply feel—out of pocket!"

—George W. Crabb, whose death at Harrisburg has been reported, was 71 years of age, and one of the oldest journalists in the profession. He was in 1824 apprenticed to Simon Cameron, who was then in the printing business in Harrisburg. He had been editorially connected with a number of journals, including the Harrisburg *Patriot* and *Telegraph*.

Poetry.

MY MOTHER'S OLD ARM CHAIR.

BY ELIZA COOK.

Coleridge, speaking of religion, says, "It is associated with your mother's chair, and with the first remembered tones of her blessed voice." Blessed, thrice blessed, as all history shows, is the child of whom this is true. Happy the man who, looking back to his childhood's years, remembers his mother's instruction given to the little ones who gathered around her old arm chair. Such a chair as that, naturally enough, becomes a precious relic in after years, when she who filled it has gone up to sit down with the saints of God in his heavenly mansions. The devout Leigh Richmond, writing from the home in which his mother had but recently died, says, "It is a great consolation to me to sit in her arm chair and think of her, and read her papers on many subjects." Similar incidents in the lives of some of the noblest and purest men of modern times justify the warmth of emotion which the sweet English poetess, whom so many American hearts have learned to love, has infused into the following touchingly tender verses:

I love it, I love it; and who shall dare
To chide me for loving that old arm chair?
I've treasured it long as a sainted prize,
I've bedewed it with tears, and embalmed it
with sighs:
'Tis bound by a thousand bands to my heart:
Not a tie will break, not a link will start.
Would ye learn the spell? a mother sat there,
And a sacred thing is that old arm chair.

In childhood's hour I lingered near
The hallowed seat with listening ear;
And gentle words that mother would give,
To fit me to die and teach me to live.
She told me shame would ne'er betide,
With truth for my creed and God for my guide;
She taught me to lisp my earliest prayer,
As I knelt beside that old arm chair.

I sat and watched her many a day,
When her eyes grew dim and her lock were gray;
And I almost worshiped her when she smiled
And turned from her Bible to bless her child.
Years rolled on, but the last one sped—
My idol was shattered, my earth star fled;
I learnt how much the heart can bear,
When I saw her die in that old arm chair.

'Tis past! 'tis past! but I gaze on it now
With quivering breath and throbbing brow:
'Twas there she nursed me, 'twas there she died,
And memory flows with lava tide.
Say it is folly, and deem me weak,
While the scalding drops start down my cheek.
But I love it, I love it, and cannot tear
My soul from a mother's old arm chair.

THE PESTILENCE.

The following was found in an unpublished work by Charles Moreau Denie, of Memphis, who died in New Orleans several years ago. He was on the staff of the New Orleans "Picayune:"

The night hath come,
And o'er the trembling city the curse
Hangs brooding o'er the music it hath stilled
In many hearts and homes.

The sickly moon
Hides, shuddering, her sad and dimmed face
Among the shroud-like clouds that ragged
hang
Upon the limbs of the distressed night,
As up from the devoted city there doth rise
The ceaseless sound of one incessant prayer,
Clogged with the cries of anguish, and the
wail
Of childless ones and orphans.

Lone and dark
And still, for want of any human voice,
A thousand dwellings from against the skies
Where once the laugh of children, and the
songs
That burst from the light hearts of mothers,
filled
The echoing halls with gladness.

Behold!
In yon poor room a light has flickered out;
But, ere it fled from those damp, dingy walls,
A human spirit left its home of clay.
On its dead mother's breast the sleeping babe
Lies like a blossom on a blighted bough;
Oh! doth it dream that it hath lost what, here
Below, can never be replaced?

List! God!
How the chilled flesh doth creep at that wild
cry
Which leaps upon the foul and cowering air,
Like the despair of an o'ermastered heart
Upon the thing that breaks it! 'Tis the shriek
Of a sick mother o'er her dying child.
"Mother, weep not for me—we'll meet up
there!"

A tearless wife clings to the stricken form
Of him in whom is merged her very self,
As if she would resist with her embrace
The fell Destroyer's grasp. Poor, loving
thing!
The man is gone thou lovest—thou dost but
clasp.
The chain he wore.

The watcher-stars grow pale,
From the far East a herald, clad in gray
Proclaims that Morning, blushing from her
bed
Like a young bride, is getting, timid, up
To meet the eyes that wait her. Upon high,
With a continuous melody from earth
To heaven, the awakened birds take flight,
And dewy mouths of flowers send welcomes
out.

Still the curse.
The Yellow-Plumed Destroyer flaps his wings,
And, as he wheels and circles in the air,
A thousand shadows from his pinions fall
Upon the earth below. Harshly he screams,
And fixes in the heart his burning beak;
Death, with a grim smile, hath cast him from
His wrist, and bid him swoop.

Forever gone!
The old, the young; the rich, the poor; grave,
gay;
The bad, the good; the homely and the fair—
Gone to a common end.

Our Story Teller.

"Fred's Wife."

"Don't talk about it any more, my dear; it can't be. You and Fred, had best set to work to forget each other. God knows, I'm sorry for your disappointment, but, after all, it isn't to be wondered at that your uncle Elliot should have formed high views for his son and heir. Take my advice and never let him know that it is you whom Fred would have chosen; he is a hard, stern man, and it might make him your enemy. When I am gone you'll need friends, poor child! alone and almost penniless in the wide world."

The invalid gentlemen put out a delicate hand and stroked the sunny hair of his pretty daughter, as she knelt beside him; a long and bitter sigh broke from his lips.

"As to your marrying without his consent, as Fred proposed the other day, that is quite out of the question. Fred is dependent upon his father, of course, and as when I die—it won't be long, Amy, I feel worse than ever to-day—when I die my annuity dies with me, there will be nothing for you. And Fred has never been taught to do one thing that would support himself, much less a wife and family. No, no; if my brother-in-law had chosen I would have given you to your cousin gladly, though he is rather a wild fellow, I fear; but without his consent it would be madness—madness."

Mr. Rivers sank back in his invalid's chair overcome by the exertion of so long a speech, and Amy, seeing his condition, forbore to urge him further; and indeed, as she shortly afterwards remarked to Fred, what was there to be gained by doing so?

"Poor papa can't help us. If he could he would, very gladly. It would please him that I should be your wife. But that's hopeless,"—weeping silently—"since uncle has set his heart on another daughter-in-law. You didn't tell him it was I you loved, did you, Fred?"

"He didn't give me a chance. He is such an arbitrary fellow, is my father! The best fellow in the world, you know, at heart, but wants to have everything his own way. 'Don't talk to me of another woman, sir,' says he. 'You'll marry the girl I choose for you, or I'll cut you off with a shilling! Leave the room, and don't come into my presence until you are prepared to obey me.' That was yesterday; and I haven't troubled him since."

"And what will you do now, Fred?"

"I'll tell you, my darling; I have a plan that will put an end to all troubles and my father's opposition at the same time. I can't obey him, Amy; he has no right to embitter all my life, and yours, too, for the gratification of his own ambition. We have loved each other from our childhood; why didn't he foresee all this, and not throw us so much together, if nothing was to come of it? And he is fond of you too. I firmly believe that if we were once married, so that it couldn't be helped, he'd pardon us and make the best of it. I propose that we get married privately at once—yes, this very day."

Amy didn't answer a word. She looked at him with lovely, half-frightened eyes, while he poured forth a perfect bewildering torrent of reasons, arguments, persuasions, and entreaties.

"But my father?" she said, at last, when he gave her a chance to speak. "He would never consent to such a thing."

"We won't ask him, darling; we won't tell a single soul. Why worry your sick father? We know he wishes us to be man and wife. As to my father, he is a most philosophical individual, and will probably apply his favorite maxim to our case—'what can't be cured must be endured.' You cannot think it right that I should obey him by making that old maid, Miss Staines, my wife, while my whole heart is yours?"

She did not think so, nor was it in nature that she should, poor child.

"No, it can't be right for you to do that, Fred," she said, timidly.

"Of course not. My father is rich enough; why is he so avaricious? The course I have suggested will be best for us all—father included. You will marry me to-day, darling, won't you?"

She loved him dearly. She had loved him all her life, and to think of him as the husband of another was more than she could bear. Her few faint objections were easily overruled, and as Fred had come prepared to have his own way, and had made all the necessary preparations, together they repaired to a quiet country-place close at hand, and there took the vows that bound them to each other "till death doth part."

It was evening when Amy reached her home, after an absence of about eight hours—a most unusual length of time for her to remain away from her sick father. Her anxieties were all for him now.

"How he will wonder what has detained me! I shall have to tell him all, Fred, if he questions me."

Fred was quite willing.

"Just as you think best," said he. "Only tell him to keep it secret; let me be the one to tell my father. Good night, precious little wife, since you won't let me come in with you."

He kissed her and put her out of the carriage and drove away, leaving her standing at the door, looking after him for a moment, the happiest little woman in the world, in her own estimation, in spite of her present anxiety. When she turned and rang the bell. The door was opened hastily. A familliar face looked out upon her, white and scared. It was her landlady.

"Oh, Miss Amy, is it you at last? Where have you been? We've been sending all over for you! Your poor father—".

The woman stopped and hesitated. Amy had entered and stood looking in her face, her own features blanched with sudden terror.

"Yes, yes—my father? What of him? Is he worse?"

"He is—dead, Miss."

With a scream of horror the poor girl fell fainting—wedded and orphaned almost in the same hour.

He had died in his chair, almost without a struggle.. An invalid this long, long time, she had been told that he might go suddenly; but she had never realized it in the least. And now that the summons should come during her absence, that she should have had no parting kiss, no farewell word of blessing—oh! it made that sad bereavement doubly hard to bear.

Her uncle Elliot was very, very kind. He attended in person to all the necessary arrangements, and when the funeral was over, took her to his own home.

"Fred's company will cheer you, and you shall be as a daughter to me, my dear," he said, as she sat in the carriage beside him. She laid her head upon his breast and wept—oh, how bitterly! reflecting upon how she was his daughter indeed, and dared not tell him so.

The question on Fred's marriage with the heiress, Miss Staines, had been forgotten in the shock of Mr. Rivers's sudden death. Mr. Elliot appeared to have restored his rebellious son to favor, and no more was said about the matter for several weeks.

Happy weeks were these to the secretly wedded lovers—happy to Amy even in spite of her grief. Fred was so ardent, so devoted, and she loved him so. No one interfered with, or took any particular notice of their proceedings—they were cousins, and had been life-long friends and playfellows; their mutual pleasure in each other's company was natural. No one saw anything strange in it in the least.

But this could not last. Very soon Mr. Elliot returned to the attack, demanding that his son should propose to Miss Staines immediately. Fred refused. They were alone, and angry words ran high between them.

"What you desire is impossible now," cried Fred—"impossible! The law allows a man but one wife at a time, and I have one already."

He arose as he spoke those decisive words, and looked his father resolutely in the face. Mr. Elliot rose too, pale with fury.

"Is this a jest?" he demanded hoarsely.

"No jest," answered Fred, respectfully, but firmly, although he trembled too. "I have been married now two months. My wife—I hope you will not feel so bitterly, father, when you learn that my wife is—"

"Silence!" His father's voice, interrupting him, was so hoarse and strained, so changed with deep and violent emotion, that he started at the sound. "I refuse to hear her name. I refuse to recognize her existence. Never shall her foot cross my threshold—never! I have no longer a son. Leave this house, sir, leave at once and forever!"

Fred walked quietly to the door; reaching it he turned and addressed his father:

"Hear me but a few words, sir. You have refused to hear my wife's name; so be it. I see no reason to force the information upon you. Some day you may desire to learn it. I would have obeyed all your reasonable commands, as I have ever done, but this matter involved the happiness of two lives, and I have taken it into my own hands. I shall go forth into the world and earn my own bread, as a man should. I do not reproach you that you, having reared me in idleness and in the expectation of being your heir, have now turned me adrift upon the world; but some day perhaps your own conscience may do so. At such a time you will be glad to know that I have still a portion of my last quarter's allowance left, amounting to a hundred dollars. It is not much to start in life with; but it shall do, please God. I tell you this in no spirit of defiance, but for your comfort hereafter. Farewell, sir. Take care of my cousin Amy, and—God bless you, sir."

And he was gone—gone to break the news to Amy, and to entreat her to keep their secret yet awhile.

"He has no suspicion, and I am sure that to discover now that you—you to whom he has been so kind—have also sinned against him, would make the blow still harder for him to bear. Remain with him, and comfort him, and gain a place in his heart; who knows but you may yet win him to forgive us. And let me know that my wife is safe and well provided for, while I am striving to make a home for her. The thought that you might ever want would take the courage out of me. You promised me once to keep our secret until I gave you leave to speak. Give me that promise anew, Amy."

She did so—promising never to divulge the secret of her marriage until her husband gave her leave.

So Fred Elliot was banished from his father's house, because he had married a wife; and left that wife, all unknown and unsuspected, to change and soften his father's heart.

The first time that she ventured to speak of Fred, her uncle silenced her almost peremptorily.

"I forbid you to name him in my presence. Let that subject be avoided between us, once and for all. If you are dutiful you shall supply his place, and I will endeavor to fill your father's; but never speak that name."

She obeyed with a heavy heart; there was no choice for her but to obey, at present. Her uncle grew much attached to her. Secretly and silently he grieved sorely for his only son, and inwardly cursed the ambitious pride that had led to their estrangement, though outwardly he appeared hard and cold. His hair, that had been as black as jet, turned gray, and a worn and anxious look became habitual with him. To Amy he turned for comfort in his heart's hidden and unspoken desolation.

She was his sweet and patient companion always; reading, playing, and singing to him—Fred's favorite airs and songs; it was the only way in which she dared plead for him and tenderly recall him to his father's heart. She took charge of his home comforts too, as they had not been cared for since his wife died long ago. Both uncle and niece shrank from society, but in the house, and in long, solitary walks and drives, they were almost inseperable.

One day he said to her:

"You are a daughter to me, indeed. I shall leave all my wealth to you."

She shrank away, and cried out at that—off her guard for a minnte:

"Oh, no, no, no! I could not accept it. It is—it belongs to another!" and then stood trembling, with her eyes cast down.

Mr. Elliot frowned heavily.

"It belongs to me, to do with as I will; and I choose to give it to you, not to—one who has disgraced me."

She gathered courage. With crimson face and heaving bosom and tearful eyes, she cried.

"Oh, do not say so, uncle! Fred will never disgrace you; he is too good, too noble."

He interrupted her.

Do you know what his goodness and nobleness has brought him to? I know he writes to you sometimes. He is—my son is—at work as bookkeeper in a factory in Connecticut, at a salary of twelve dollars per week. How long do you think it will be before he can support his wife on that?" Then pausing suddenly, as he marked her glowing cheeks and troubled, heaving breast a thought occurred to him. He uttered an exclamation of comprehension and regret, and putting his arm around her drew her towards him.

"Amy, my child, did you know that Fred was married?"

Her heart beat until it nearly stifled her. What question would come next?

"Yes, uncle," she faltered, with white, trembling lips.

He noticed her emotion and mistook its cause. Filled with a great regret and pity, he drew her to his breast, so that she hid her face against his shoulder.

"My child, my own, sweet girl, be candid with me; speak to me as you would to your own father. Did you love Fred with more than a cousin's love?"

The question was so unexpected, so altogether different from what she had dreaded, that it took her by surprise. All her love for her young husband, all her grief for his long absence (he had been gone six months,) the painful thought that she had driven him from his home—these, and another keen anxiety, that gnawed her heart in silence, overcame her now, and found utterance in the cry that left her lips.

"I loved him better than my life—better than my life!" she cried, and fell weeping on her uncle's breast.

He caressed and soothed her.

"Alas!" he cried. "If he had only married you, how happy we might all have been!"

She raised her head—a look of delighted surprise upon her face.

"Would you have consented to that?" she cried.

"My child, can you doubt it?"

Her hand flew to her bosom; then she paused.

"No, no, I must not—my promise—my oath," she murmured, and raised her hand to her brow with a bewildered look; "and yet to be so near happiness—and not—not seize upon it!" her voice died suddenly; the agitation had been to great—she lay senseless in Mr. Elliot's arms.

This did not much surprise him; she had been far from well of late, causing him much anxiety. He laid her on a couch, and ringing the bell for help, proceeded to unfasten her dress at the neck to give her air. A paper fell from her bosom. He picked it up, opened it—a marriage certificate! Amy's secret was a secret no longer.

That afternoon a message flashed its way across the wires to a certain New England town:

"Come home. Your wife is far from well and wishes to see you immediately. So do I. "Your father,

JOHN ELLIOT."

One day later all sorrow was at an end, and they were happily reunited.

"As for my money," said Mr. Elliot, patting his daughter-in-law's little white hand, "I shall give it to neither of you. The baby shall be my heir, when it arrives, and you shall be trustees and guardians."

He kept his word, establishing Fred, at his earnest wish, in business. They all lived together, a truly happy and united family, and it would probably have been difficult for the old gentleman himself to have told which he loved the best—Fred, Fred's baby—which arrived in due time—or Fred's little, gentle wife.

Horns.

High breeding of neat stock is almost universally accompanied by a decrease in the size and strength of the horns. In the Short-horn and Jersey breeds they have become very insignificant, and might easily be made to disappear by taking a cross from one of the polled breeds most nearly allied in desirable qualities to each. We believe that an effort in this direction will pay, and pay well. It would be far better if these offensive weapons were made to disappear, now that our cattle no longer need them as a protection against wild beasts. For want of such legitimate use they are too often turned into instruments of mutual annoyance and injury by the more vigorous members of a herd. We have no doubt that a "tunk" in the flank from the horn of another cow is more often the cause of abortion than many think.

He saw a negro smoking a new meerschaum. "Thunder!" he exclaimed, "why, the pipe's coloring him."

It has never been ascertained how much old ocean measured 'round her gray and melancholy waste.

"The is now nothing to ma our happiness," was how Jones told of his mother-in-law's departure.

A Burlington woman calls her husband "Darkest Hour," because he comes just before morning.

Self-love is more cunning than the most cunning man in the world.

When gamblers fail to agree, they pour Hoyle on the troubled waters.

Idiosyncrasies.

BY FLORENCE THORNTON.

"Every man is an odd fellow." Now, do not imagine I mean all belong to the popular order of that name, or that I am going to enter into a lengthy dissertation upon the merits of this society; or tell how the brother "Odd Fellows" will visit you when you are sick, preside at your wake, attend your funeral, publishing resolutions setting forth your many noble qualities to the entire exclusion of all misdemeanors—nothing of that kind; that is contingent, but I say men are necessarily and universally odd fellows, i. e., they possess some distinguishing qualities by means of which they establish and maintain their indenty. From history we may gain many striking correspondences, many splendid parallels; but no character can be found which does not exhibit features of distinction and individualizing characteristics

As the hand of the Almighty Jehovah strays over the wires of the great harp of life, many tones are heard, some harmonizing, others which breathe forth discord. Sometimes the music glides smoothly on with slow, voluptuous swell. Again, there are great chords of sorrow so strong as to snap the delicate, slender threads; but there is always infinite change, inexhaustible diversity in the symphony. Sometimes the chord of selfishness is predominant; sometimes deceit; again, it may be benevolence, justice, or a blending of noble qualities.

One of the most remarkable characters of history is cynical, ill-mannered Dr. Samuel Johnson, the writer of the first English dictionary. Blunt of speech, sceptical, and somewhat rough, yet this strange individual was distinguished by vigorous understanding and inflexible integrity. He married in early life a lady whose age was questionable, and, although spinsters are noted for their primness, she failed to make a lasting impression upon her somewhat uncouth husband, for he was always seen with soiled hands and unclean fingernails. Massive, compound, consolidated words rolled from his lips with sonorous dignity; and Goldsmith once declared, "if he should write a fable on little fishes, he'd make the little fishes talk like whales;" and now a word of advice: Little fishes never, never talk like whales. Great, pompous words and massive propositions sound well as they proceed from the lips of earth's *great ones*, but betray pedantry and egotism when used by commonplace individuals.

Some persons are distinguished by their honesty, although that strange old man who lived near Corinth many years ago, and whom the Grecians called Diogenes, insinuated they were very scarce, by taking a lantern when the sun was shining and going in search of them. Diogenes was eccentric, and a good representative of a certain class which is much praised by those of the masculine gender. Indeed, their freedom from peculiarities of habit and disposition their sweet tempers, kindness, benevolence and merits in general, are so extolled that we wonder there are not more to fall in the ranks and swell the righteous throng. Diogenes was an obliging(?) charitable(?) old bachelor. When the great general, Alexander, once visited him and asked if he could benefit him in any way, he received the answer, "Yes, stand out of my sunshine." That was an answer worthy any sour, crusty, crabbed *old maid*. Diogenes received credit for it. Another misanthropic idea was shown in his selection of a habitation—no castled walls for him, no tapestry, no comforts, no servants to attend to his wants, although this latter convenience may have been dispensed with on account of a lack of space, for we know Diogenes was lazy. And what sort of a dwelling had he? Nothing more nor less than a gigantic tub. Is it any wonder he spent his days in single blessedness? He never had an opportunity to marry, for what woman would undertake to brighten such a home? True, we have heard of one who dwelt in a shoe, but she surely had a roof over her head, as well as the advantage of a veranda. Some persons possess an overabundance of iron in their blood, which is rapidly converted into steel; then strike them with the flint—provocation, and fiery sparks of wrath are seen, which threaten to ignite and consume all surrounding objects.

Many are distinguished by stubbornness. With minds hard and narrow, they form opinions or conceive prejudices which nothing can remove; in their own estimation they are infallible. They frequently succeed in inflicting their deceitful arts upon the too credulous public, and rise to distinction; such an one was Cato, the old Roman Censor. Many a time his voice pealed through the forum, and his hyacinthine locks seemed to stand on ends as he hurled his caustic sarcasms, and sometimes fierce maledictions against the follies of the day. Like some old fogies of the present time, he made it his business to tamper with feminine affairs. How many there are—fathers, brothers, perhaps husbands—who, if they dared, would revive the old "Oppian law," which prevented the dress and equipage of women from exceeding a certain stated sum; they'd make the stated sum exceedingly small, no doubt. But this is a thing of the past, and opposed to American freedom. The ashes of old Cato are scattered to the four winds of heaven. He had his day, and wrought enough mischief by his famous "Delenda est Carthago."

Egotism is quite a common characteristic. "Rare Ben Jonson" possessed it in an eminent degree when he said "the world knows only two; that's Rome and me." And it is to be feared that the vile monster—conceit—has taken possession of many hearts. There is an irrepressible self-satisfaction apparent in some persons which renders them objects of pity rather than of envy. And now, as we have said of individuals, so we may say of nations; each has some peculiarity which distinguishes it from others. Yet, this may be a secondary consideration, for a nation is but the mirror of those who compose it. Rome may be likened to Carthage and Athens, yet Rome had a high sense of honor, while Carthage was false and treacherous. Rome was a nation of warriors, while Athens boasted of her statesmen, artists and orators. The indolence of the Italian, and the frivolity of the Frenchman, form a striking contrast to the energy of the Anglo-Saxon and the perseverance of the German. A proud aristocratic feeling marks our English neighbors, while a free and independent spirit characterizes Americans. In this land, where no titles of distinction are known, where neither wealth nor descent enter into the idea of a true citizen, real worth receives due support, and the truly noble and good are recognized as such and will ultimately win success.

Two Pictures.

Is there on earth a sight more mournfully sad than that of brother bringing railing accusations against brother, and aiding and abetting others to do the same? All that is pure and good and true in the heart of man sickens and revolts at the unnatural sight; holy angels, from their abodes of love and bliss, look down upon it with utmost horror; the All Father sees it with dread disapproval and deep displeasure, and withdraws the light of His loving countenance from the fratricidal offender, while the erring brother himself must ever carry about him a bitter sense of self-degradation and condemnation.

"Behold, how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity!" How good and how pleasant it is to see brother supporting brother, behind his back as well as before his face, and suffering wrong rather than bring a railing accusation against him, or counsel and abet others in so doing! All that is grand and noble and faithful even in the hearts of the profane is thrilled with pleasure and admiration at the pleasant sight; angels look down upon it from their celestial abodes with pure and holy joy; the All Father looks with loving approval on the holy self-sacrifice, and lifts upon its author the glorious light of his countenance, while the faithful brother himself rejoices in his own self-respect and the peace of an approving conscience.

In the heat of political controversy and contest let us all remember that we belong to one common brotherhood and are brothers one of another, so shall we retain our own self-respect and the respect of others.

HIRAM.

The question has been asked: "Can a christian go to the circus?" Yes, until he's married, and then, in most cases, the circus comes to him.

One-half of the world don't know how the other half live—and it is none of their business.—*Yonkers Gazette.*

A fellow in Chicago, who bit off half of a man's nose, was bound over to keep the piece.—*Com. Bulletin.*

LIST OF PREMIUMS AWARDED AT THE CENTRE COUNTY FAIR OF '78.

Class 1—Stallions.

Best Stallion for Heavy Draught, John Albright ..... $ 5 00
Second best stallion for heavy draught, A. Garbrick 3 00
Best stallion for light draught, John F. Downing 5 00

Class 2—Studs, Colts Between 3 and 4 Years.

Best stud colt between 3 and 4 years, J. G. Rider 5 00
Second best stud colt between 3 and 4 years, D. A. Lucas 3 00
Second best stud colt between 2 and 3 years, J. Irvin Gray 3 00
Second best stud colt between 2 and 3 years, John Thomas ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best stud colt between 1 and 2 years, J. F. Downing 3 00
Second best stud colt between 1 and 2 years, H. L. Harvey ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best stud colt under 1 year, Jas. Lingle ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 3.—Gelding between 3 & 4 years.

Best gelding between 3 and 4 years, Hezekiah Hoy 3 00
Second best gelding between 3 and 4 years, H. M. Downing ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best gelding between 2 and 3 years, Albert Smeltzer 3 00
Second best gelding between 2 and 3 years, Morris Furey ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 4.—Mare colt under 4 years.

Best mare colt between 3 and 4 years, Alexander McCoy 3 00
Second best mare colt between 3 and 4 years, A. V. Miller ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best mare colt between 2 and 3 years, Martin Dailey 3 00
Second best mare colt between 2 and 3 years, J. Howard Tipton ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best mare colt between 1 and 2 years, Henry Gross 3 00
Second best mare colt between 1 and 2 years, Jno. M. Furey ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best mare colt under 1 year, Hezekiah Hoy 3 00
Second best mare colt under 1 year, Wm. A. Marshall ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 5.—Brood mare for road service with foal by her side.

Best brood mare for all work with foal by her side, W. J. Dale 4 00
Second best brood mare for all work with foal by her side, Wm. A. Marshall 3 00

Class 6.—Draught, farm and Team horses.

Best draft farm and team horses, Jas. H. McCormick 4 00
Second best draft farm and team horses, Wm. Ishler ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best draft mare, Hezekiah Hoy 3 00
Second best draft mare, Geo. M. Boal ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best heavy team, Jno. Wolf 3 00
Second best heavy team, J. H. Fishburn ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 7.—Carriage or road horses.

Best pair carriage or road horses, Bunnell and Aikens 4 00
Second best pair carriage and road horses, Dr. W. C. Grove ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best single horse carriage or road, Wm. Mitchell 3 00
Second best single horse, carriage or road, L. H. Davidson ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 8.—Gents riding horses.

Best 2 gents riding horses, Dr. J. M. McCoy ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best 2 gents riding horses, J. W. Shucy ..... Am. Agriculturist.

Class 9.—Farmers race.

Best 2 in 3 to harness 1 mile heat 10 00
Second best 2 in 3 to harness 1 mile heat Benner Wilson 7 00
Third best 2 in 3 to harness 1 mile heat, Bruce Lingle 3 00

Class 10.—County purse, open to all horses in County 6 months.

Best, D. R. Bolton 10 00
Second best, H. H. Kline 7 00
Third best, Amos Mullin 3 00

Class 11.—Walking rate.

Best, Bunnell & Aikens 4 00
Second best, C. Dale, Jr 3 00
Third best, Jas. Dolan ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 12.—Judged by committee in Class No. 1.

Class 13.—Cattle.

Best bull between 2 and three years, G. H. Musser 3 00
Best bull between 1 and 2 years, Joseph Kitchen ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best cow 3 years and upwards, W. R. McFarlane ..... Diploma
Best heifer between 2 and 3 years, W. R. McFarlane ..... Diploma
Best heifer between 1 and 2 years, Jas. F. Weaver ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best calf under 1 year, W. R. McFarlane ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 14.

Best bull calf 5½ months old, Christian Uhl ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best Durham cow 3 years old, A. J. Shivery 5 00
Best native bull, Alfred Osman 3 00
Best herd native cattle, George Hoffer 3 00

Class 15.—No entries.
Class 16.—No entries.
Class 17.—No entries.
Class 18.—No entries.

Class 19.—Swine.

Best boar pig 2 years and upwards, A. S. Tipton 4 00
Best pen of hogs, not less than 5, one year and upwards, Wm. B. Eckley ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best pen of hogs, not less than 5, under one year, John Wyan 5 00
Best pen of shoats, not less than 5, under 6 months, W. T. Twitmire 3 00
Best sow and lot of sucking pigs, not less than 4, Isaac Miller 4 00

Class 20.—Sheep.

Best buck sheep, W. R. McFarlane ..... Diploma
Best buck sheep under 1 year, Geo. W. Musser 4 00
Best pen of 4 ewes, 1 year and upwards Geo. W. Musser 3 00
Best pen of 4 ewes 1 year and under, W. J. Dale ..... Am. Stock Jour.

Class 21.—Poultry.

Best cage of spruce chickens, Miss Aggie Musser ..... Farmers Friend
Best pair Plymouth rock Leonard Rhone ..... Poultry World
Best pair ducks, L. Rhone ..... Farmers Friend
Best pair geese, Leonard Rhone ..... Am. P. Jour.
Best peafowl, Leonard Rhone ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Best doz. hen's eggs, J. A. McClintic ..... Am. Poultry Jour.
Best coop of 12 chickens, 6 varieties, Jno. H. Wolf 3 00
Best pair turkeys, Leonard Rhone ..... Am. Agriculturist
Best coop brown leghorn chickens, Jno. Rishel ..... Practical Farmer

Class 22.—Pets.

Best cage of pigeons, Elmer Harnden ..... American Poultry Jour.
Best pen of rabbits, Harry Baney, ... Am. Poultry Jour.
Best cage of maltese cats, Wm. Marshall 1 00
Best pair of red birds, J. W. McCafferty 1 00

Class 23.—Grain and seeds.

Best bushel white wheat, Leonard Rhone ..... Am. Agriculturist
Second best bushel white wheat, Dan'l Poorman 1 00
Best bushel red wheat, Wm. Ishler ..... Practical Farmer
Second best bushel red wheat, W. J. Dale 1 00
Best white corn in the ear, Jas. A. McClintic 1 00
Best bushel yellow corn in the ear, Sam'l B. Leathers 1 00
Best peck pop corn in the ear, J. Howard Tipton 50
Best peck sweet corn in the ear, Dan'l Poorman 50
Best sample corn on stalk, Edward Osmen 1 00
Best sample brown corn, J. W. Weaver.. 1 00
Best bushel rye, H. A. Harnden 1 00
Best bushel oats, C. Dale, Jr 1 00
Best bushel barley, H. A. Harnden 1 00
Best bushel buckwheat, Dan'l Poorman ..... Practical Farmer
Best ½ bushel turnipseed, Edward Osmen ..... Practical Farmer
Best ½ bushel cloverseed, Penns. State College ..... Farmers Friend
Best ½ bushel Hungarian grass-seed, P. S. Dale ..... Farmer's Friend

Class 24—Flour and Meal.

Best ½ bushel wheat flour, Stine & Leathers ..... Dip.

Class 25—Vegetables.

Best bushel early rose potatoes, George E. Seibert ..... Am. Agriculturalist.
Best bushel late rose potatoes, J. Howard Tipton ..... Am. Agr't.
Best bushel Snowflake potatoes, Joseph Baker ..... Am. Agr't.
Best bushel peachblow potatoes, Willie Tipton ..... Am. Agr't.
Best bushel peerless potatoes, Willie Tipton ..... Farmer's Friend.
Second best bushel peerless potatoes, Henry Gross 50
Second best bushel garnet Chili potatoes, Willie Tipton ..... Am. Stock Jour.
Second best bushel of any other variety never before exhibited on our tables, Samuel Brugger ..... Practical Farmer,
Second best of same, John Sommerville 50
Second best bushel turnips, John S. Foster ..... Prac. Farmer.
Best bushel sugar beets, Michael Confer ..... Prac. Farmer
Best doz. table beets, Mrs. M. A. Neff 50
Second best table beets, Mrs. Mary Gates ..... Farmers Friend
Best bushel sweet potatoes, Sam'l Brugger 50
Best 6 roots of celery, Chas. Brown 50
Best 3 heads of cabbage, Joseph Cummings 50
Best ½ peck onions, Mrs. W. F. Rearick 25

Class 26.—Continued.

Second best ½ peck onions, Barbara A Lawyer 50
Best quart lima beans, Annie M Gray 25
Second best quart lima beans, John Wolf ... 50
Best 3 marble-head squashes, Annie M Gray 50
Best two cooking pumpkins, A S Tipton ..... Practical Farmer.
Best and greatest variety of pumpkins, Geo W Campbell ..... Practical Farmer.
Second best and greatest variety of pumpkins, Geo W Campbell ... Ameri'n Agricul'st.
Best sample of tobacco grown in Centre Co., Geo Markle ..... American Agriculturist.
Best bushel Red Globe mangle wurzel, Sam Brugger ..... Poultry World.
Best bushel Yellow Globe mangle wurzel, A J Shivery ..... Prac. Far.
Best bushel Long Red mangle wurzel, Sam Brugger ..... Prac. Far.

Class 27.—Fruits.

Best 3 Fall varieties apples, ½ dozen each, Wm B Eckley ..... Amer. Agr.
Best 3 Winter varieties apples, ½ dozen each, W J Dale ..... Prac. Far.
Best sample of apples irrespective of variety, not less than 1 dozen each, Jacob C Markle ..... Farmers' Friend.
Best specimen of apples of 1877, W B Eckley ..... Farmers' Friend.
Best 2 Winter varieties of apples, ½ dozen each, Sam B Leathers ..... Amer. Stock Jour.
Best 3 varieties of peaches, 1 dozen, W B Eckley $1.00
Best sample of quinces irrespective of variety, not less than one dozen, P S Dale ... American Agriculturist.
Best 3 varieties Winter apples, William Mann ..... Prac. Farmer.
Best Sample of grapes, S B Leathers ... Amr. Agr.

Class 28.—Farm Implements.

Best tread power and seperator, Philip Teats, for J M Hultshizer ..... Diploma.
Best 2 Henches' improved plow and cultivator, Joseph Marshall ..... Diploma.
Best shovel plow, W P Duncan & Co ... Diploma.
Best 2 Oliver patent plows, J Rishel ..... Diploma.
Best Eagle harrow, Isaac B Shadle ..... Diploma.
Best 2 horse power and seperator, Gensel & Bitner ..... Diploma.

Class 29.—Furniture, Utensils, etc.

Best washing machine (the Perfect Washer), C & A W Guyer ..... Diploma.
Best home-made lard press, John H Wolf ... $1.00
Best sausage stuffer, John H Wolf ..... Diploma.
Best lot of granite ware, Wilson, McFarlane & Co ..... Diploma.
Best lot of tinware, E A Smith ..... Diploma.

Class 30.—Carriages, Buggies, etc.

One two-horse wagon, S K Faust ..... Diploma.
Two top buggies, J R Bartruff ..... Diploma.

Class 31.—Lumber and its Manufacture.

Best collection of native woods (250 pieces), Daniel Derr ..... Diploma and $5.00
Best diplay of coopers-ware (home-made), Wm Collier $1.00

Class 32.—Leather and its Manufacture.

Best set single harness (silver mounted), Al Garman 1 00
Best set double harness, Al Garman 1 00
Best set single harness (gold mounted), Al Garman ..... Diploma

Class 33.—Iron and its Manufacture.

Best parlor stove (the Invincible), H K Hicks ..... Diploma
Second best parlor stove (Radiant Home), W T Twitmire ..... Diploma
Best cook stove (Highland Queen), Wilson, McFarlane & Co ..... Diploma

Class 34.—Wines, Pickles, etc.

Best jar canned peaches, Jes Huston 50
" " " cherries, Mrs G W Boal ... 50
" " currant jelly, Mrs P S Dale 50
" " raspberry jelly, Lizzie Musser ... 50
" " elderberry jelly, Mrs D Bartley ... 50
" " apple jelly, Mrs J C Curtin 50
" " plum jelly, Mrs A V Miller 50
" " quince jelly, Lucy H Seibert 50
" " crab apple jelly, Annie M Sneltzer 50
" " peach marmalade, Lizzie Musser. 50
" sample applebutter, Mrs D Bartley 50
" " peach butter, Sarah Leathers .. 50
" " pear " " 50
" " grape butter, Mrs P S Dale 50
" " plum butter, Miss L M Ward .. 50
" " currant wine, Mrs C M Sellers. 50
" " cider vinegar, J H Beck 50
" " pickel cucumbers, Mrs E Boal. 50
" " " tomatoes, Mrs J Wolf ... 50
" " " cabbage, Miss M Sweeny 50

Class 35.—Fresh Butter.

Best fresh butter, Mary M Baker ... Prac. Farmer
Second best fresh butter, Mary M Dale ..... American Agriculturist
Third best fresh butter, Carrie Hunter 50

Class 36.
(No entries.)

Class 38.—Packed Butter.

Best packed butter, Mrs Isaiah Struble 3 00

Class 37.—Bread.

(Section A.)

Best loaf wheat bread, Mrs M E Seibert 2 00
Second best loaf wheat bread, Mary Hamilton 1 00
Best bran bread, Mary M Dale 1 00
Second best bran bread, Mrs D Bartley 50
Best ½ doz tea biscuit, " " 1 00

(Section B.)

Best loaf wheat bread, Lilly Dale 2 00
Second best loaf wheat bread, Miss Mattie Turner 1 00

(Section C.)

Best loaf wheat bread, Carrie M Lawyer ... 2 00
Second best loaf wheat bread, Leonard Rhone 1 00
Best ½ doz tea biscuit, Carrie M Lawyer ... 1 00
One sponge cake (by girl under 15 years of of age), Clara M Dale 1 00
One roll butter (by girl under 15 years), Clara M Dale ..... American Agriculturist
One loaf wheat bread (by girl under 15 years), D C Walters 2 00

Class 39.—Cakes, Pastry, etc.

Best rusk, Mrs David Bartley $1 00
" sponge cake, Olive A Krebs 1 00
" jelly cake, Mrs David Bartley 1 00
" cocoanut cake, Mrs David Bartley 1 00
" White Mountain cake, Mrs David Bartley 1 00
" chocolate cake, Mrs David Bartley 1 00
" doughnuts or crullers, Mrs M Rhone. 1 00
" gingerbread, Lucetta M Ward 1 00
" 5 lbs honey, S B Leathers ..... Bee Journal
" and largest yield of honey from a single hive, L H Davidson 1 00
" 5 lbs hard soap, Mrs A V Miller 1 00
" apple pie, Mrs M A Neff 1 00
" peach pie, " " 1 00
" lemon pie, Mary C Eckard 1 00
" egg custard, " " 1 00

Class 40.—Quilting, Needlework, Embroidery, etc.

Best silk bed quilt, Mrs S T Shugert $2 00
" delaine bed quilt, Ellie Eckenroth 1 50
" calico bed quilt, Miss Bella Bell 1 50
" knit spread, Mrs A Krom 1 00
" woolen blanket, Mrs S J Weaver 1 00
" home-made rug, " " 1 00
" " woolen stockings, Mrs A E Benner 1 00
" pair knit woolen mittens, Miss Sallie E Benner 1 00
" silk embroidery, Mrs Jas C Derr 1 00
" worsted embroidery, Miss S E Benner. 1 00
" toilet matt, Miss Ella Schroyer 1 00
" worked or embroidered chemesette, Miss Ella Schroyer 1 00
" collars and cuffs, Miss Mary Kline 1 00
" specimen of tatting, Miss S E Young 1 00
" carriage or sleigh afghan, Mrs. Wm. Wolf 1 00
" child's afghan, Miss Lizzie Stewart ... 1 00
" crocheted zephyr shawl, Mrs. Sue J. Deer 1 00
" knitted zephyr shawl, Miss Sallie E. Benner 1 00
" knitted lady's hood, Miss S. E. Young. 1 00
" child's socks, Miss Sallie E. Benner ... 1 00
" sofa pillow, Miss Lizzie Morrison 1 00
" sofa cover, Miss Sallie E. Benner 1 00
" chair cover in pattern stitch, Sallie E. Benner 1 00
" pair slippers, Sallie E. Benner 1 00
" work basket, Sallie F. Benner 1 00
" needlework or housewife, Miss Linnie H. Benner 1 00
" watch case, Miss Sallie E. Benner 1 00
" toilet cushion, Miss Kate N. Baker 1 00
" ntetted cake cover, Miss Sallie E. Benner 1 00
" ntetted tidy, Mrs W F Rearick 1 00
" embroidered tidy, Mrs Geo M Boal 1 00
" crocheted tidy, Miss Annie D Kealsh 1 00
" worsted tidy, Miss Jennie Emerick ... 1 00
" specimen bead work, Mrs Jas Curtin .. 1 00
" specimen hairwork, Miss Anna Blakely 1 00
" specimen wax flowers, Miss Mattie Morrison 1 00
" specimen zephyr flowers, Miss Jennie Emerick 1 00
" rag carpet, (made in Centre county) Mrs Jas F Weaver 1 00
" sulasher, Miss Alice D Munson 1 00
" pillow shams, Miss Jennie Emerick ... 1 00
" lap robe, Mrs Mary Gates 1 00
" calico quilt, (pieced by girl 7 years old) Miss Maggie Furey 1 00
" pair ornamental stands, Miss Lydia Baney 1 00
" two lace ties, Mrs John Moran 1 00

Class 41.—Fine Arts and Penmanship.

The committee on this class made no awards.

Class 42.—Flowers and Designs.

Best display of ornamental foliage, Mrs M A Neff ..... Henderson's Flower Gardening
Best display of miscellaneous flowers, Miss Beckie McGinley 2 00
Second best, Mrs M A Neff ..... Horticulturalist

Class 43.—Miscellaneous Articles.

Best display musical instruments, Bunnell & Aikens ..... Diploma
" sewing machine, (The Domestic) Bunnell & Aikens ..... Diploma
" display tombstones and marbleware, Cyrus Hunter ..... Diploma

Class 44.—Girls under 15 years of age.

Best sofa cushion, Miss Ida Osman $1 00
" pin cushion, Mary Meek 1 00
Second best pin cushion, Bessie Meek 50
Best calico quilt, Elmina Taylor 1 00
Second best calico quilt, Blanche A Dale ... 50
Best home-made stockings, Emma Taylor .. 1 00
" specimen of drawing, Sarah A Hall .. 1 00

Class 45.—Boys and Apprentices under 16 years.

Best display of apples (selected and exhibited), Orrin L Dale $1 00
" sweet corn (by boy 9 years old), Wilbur Leathers 1 00
" pop corn (by boy 7 years old) Harry Leathers 50
" box pigeons, Thomas Haupt 50
" set silver plated single harness, Thos Twitmire 1 00
" specimen of drawing (by boy 14 years old), Robert F Hunter 50
" string buttons (of 500 and no two alike), Miss Mary Heinle 50

Class 46.
"Discretionary Committee."

Best hat rack, Jac C Marble ..... Farm. Friend
" collection of wheat in straw (14 varieties), Geo W Musser ..... Diploma
" Ladies' Friend Carpet Sweeper, John R Deckard ..... Diploma
" team mules, P S Dale $2 00
" reversible jack for motive power, H K Luse 1 00
" pillow sham, Mrs M A Neff 1 00
" Branson Knitting Machine, Branson Knitting Machine Co ..... Diploma
" Percheron (stallion) colt, M B Taylor, for Millin Co. Association ..... Diploma
" mare mule, Penn's State College 2 00
" mule colt, John Rishel 2 00

AMUSEMENTS.

Walking Race by Men.

First premium, Isaac Baney $2 50
Second premium, Newton Steel 2 00

Foot Race by Men.

First premium, Isaac Baney $1 00
Second premium, Orris McCormick 1 00

Ladies' Single Horseback Riding.

First best, Mrs. L. Neff ..... Lady's Saddle
Second best, Miss Kate Switzer ..... Lady's Bridle
Third best, Miss Gross $2 00

Gentlemen's Single Horseback Riding.

First best, Dr W C Grove ..... Gent's Saddle
Second best, Capt C Dale ..... Gent's Bridle

Horseback Riding by Couples.

First best, Miss Kate Switzer and Charles Munson ..... Bridle and $4 00
Second best, Mrs L Neff and Capt C Dale ... 3 00
Third best, Miss Gross and L W Gross 2 00

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,

(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLOUR, FEED, &c.,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

The highest market price paid for

WHEAT, RYE,

CORN,

OATS, &c.

6 39-1

Advertising Agency.

TO ADVERTISERS.

George P. Rowell & Co.'s

SELECT LIST

—OF—

LOCAL NEWSPAPERS.

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is priated in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST. It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue for each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch four weeks in the entire list is $635. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 35. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 10 33 1y

Do you want to make some money?

If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Seive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,
Gen. Agt. West Penn's. Pittsburg, Pa.
10-27.

Strawbridge & Clothier, Dry Goods.

ON DAILY EXHIBITION

In the various Departments of their elegant new store,

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Have placed the rarest novelties in Silks, Dress Fabrics, etc., to be found by patient personal search in the Great Manufacturing Centres of Europe.

Every lady within reach of Philadelphia should not fail to visit this magnificent display, even if not wishing to buy at the time. No importunity to purchase on the part of the salespeople is permitted.

BLACK and COLORED SILKS.

We invite attention to the largest and best assortment of

SILKS

Ever shown in Philadelphia, all of which are marked at prices that no American House can possibly undersell.

Good Quality Black Silks, at 75 and 80 cents.

An Extra Quality Antwerp Silk, at 90 cents, and we ask that it be compared with any One Dollar Silk selling elsewhere. We offer at

ONE DOLLAR PER YARD

SIX QUALITIES

From the Fine Glace to the Heavy Gros Grain.

CACHEMIRE MOUSSELINE.

Never before sold in any market under $1.25.

Also the best makes at

$1.25, $1.50, $1.60, $1.75, $1.90, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50, and up to the finest grades.

We ask particular attention to an invoice of PONSON'S CACHIMIRE SILK,

Secured far under value, and not owned by any other house in this country within 75 cents of our prices.

They are in Eight Qualities,

$1.25, $1.45, $1.60, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $2.75.

COLORED SILKS AT 75 AND 80 CENTS,

In the new fall shades.

ALL-BOILED LYONS,

COLORED SILKS,

19 inches wide, at 95 cents.

COLORED SILKS.

Measuring 21 inches, at $1 00.
Measuring 22 inches, at $1.25.
Measuring 22 inches, at $1.50.
Measuring 23 inches, at $1.75.
Measuring 23 inches, at $2.00.
Measuring 23 inches, at $2.25.

All of which are believed to be unequaled anywhere at the price, width, quality and assortment of shades.

IN ALL SILK NOVELTIES

We have the

Satin Pekin at $1.50 per yard.

BLACK AND COLORED DAMASSE,

at $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $1.50, $3.00.

Satins for Trimmings,

Satins for Suits,

Including the old style Turk Satin,

Long prized for wear.

Comparison has lately shown that our prices are lower than the same qualities of goods are being sold by wholesale dealers to the trade.

IN DRESS GOODS.

We make special mention of the following Bargains of Recent Purchase.

48 Inch Wool Matelasse $1,
Extra heavy and about one-half the cost of production.

45 Inch French Cashmeres $1,
The actual market value is $1.25.

48 Inch All-Wool Camel's Hair Suitings ... 75 cts,
Regular retail price $1.

48 Inch Camel's Hair Suitings ..... 50 cents,
Recommended for quality and cheapness.

36 Inch Silk Mixed Tartans ..... 50 cents,
In Blue, Green and Cardinal.

Chantillion Silk Mixed Novelties ..... 31 cents,
Present price elsewhere, 37½ cents.

Scotch Plaids, (silk mixed) ..... 28 cents,
Selling elsewhere for 35 cents.

Winter Serges ..... 25 cents,
Extra weight and cloth shades.

British Cashmere Effects ..... 25 cents,
Really worth 37½ cents.

Royal Poplins ..... 15 cents,
Two-thirds wool, and extra heavy.

Alpaca Lustres ..... 12½ cents,
One-half wool and in all desirable colors.

The universal testimony which comes to us from all sources, is, that our stock of Dress Goods is unequaled.

Only a personal visit can give a fair idea of the extent of the stock and our wonderful facilities for its distribution at the smallest possible advance over first cost of manufacture.

Those who cannot visit us, however, are invited to test the merits of our Mail Order Department. Every letter that comes to us requesting SAMPLES, is given the most careful, prompt and intelligent attention. All Mail or Telegraphic Orders are filled in a department organized on a scale unsurpassed anywhere.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

N. W. Cor. Eighth & Market Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA.

10-83-4m

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

(Furst's Building.) High-street, Bellefonte.

Buggies and Carriages.

GO TO

J. R. BARTROFF

FOR FINE

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

WAGONS, SLEIGHS, &c.,

REPAIRING promptly and neatly done, at reasonable rates.

9 22-tf *E. Bishop-st., Bellefonte, Pa.*

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

902 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,

Jewelers and Silversmiths,

DEALERS IN

PLATED WARES, WALTHAM WATCHES,

—AND—

IMPORTED FANCY GOODS.

The citizens of Bellefonte and Vicinty are cordially invited to visit our store.

INQUIRIES AND ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

10-40-1m

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 2, 1878:

SUMMER.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" "	Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" "	Williamsport	8 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" "	Renovo	10 55 a m
" arr at	Erie	7 35 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 20 a m
" "	Harrisburg	10 50 a m
" "	Williamsport	2 20 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 25 p m
" arr at	Renovo	4 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 45 a m
" "	Harrisburg	3 35 p m
" "	Williamsport	7 30 p m
" arr at	Lock Haven	8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves	Lock Haven	6 40 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 14 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	11 55 a m
" "	Philadelphia	3 45 p m
DAY EXP. leaves	Renovo	10 05 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 20 a m
" "	Williamsport	12 40 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 10 p m
" "	Philadelphia	7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Renovo	8 35 p m
" "	Lock Haven	9 45 p m
" "	Williamsport	11 05 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	2 45 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 00 a m
FAST LINE leaves	Williamsport	12 35 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 58 a m
" "	Philadelphia	7 35 a m
ACCO'M. Leaves	Renovo	7 55 a m
" arr. at	Lock Haven	10 40 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, Lock Haven Accommodation West, and Day Express East, make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Erie Express West, and Lock Haven Accommodation West, make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East, make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with R. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 35
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 01
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 54
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 05
Arrive at Tyrone	8 05	6 10

EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	9 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 53	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1877.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.30 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.20 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.42 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.12 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 4.55 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.27 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Miscellaneous.

Auctioneer's Card.

PHILIP TEATS, who has had large experience as an Auctioneer, offers his services to the people of Centre county.

He speaks German and English,

and possesses the invaluable gift in an auctioneer of a loud, clear voice, and can be distinctly heard a long distance. Those having work of this kind to do will do well to give him a call. Charges moderate. Call on or address him at Bellefonte, Pa. 12-1year

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 10 21 1y

KNOW THYSELF

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled SELF-PRESERVATION Price only $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skilful practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jewelled medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engravings—a marvel of art and beauty—sent FREE to all. Send for it at once. Address PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. 2 42

HEAL THYSELF

Health and Happiness.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply, send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 70 N. 4th St. Phila 10 2-1y

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from one to twelve weeks may be restored to sound health if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine. 41 4t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
HENRY M. HOYT.
of Luzerne County.

For Lieut. Governor,
CHARLES W. STONE,
of Warren County.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
AARON K. DUNKEL,
of Philadelphia.

JUDICIARY.

For Supreme Judge,
JAMES P. STERRETT,
of Allegheny County.

For President Judge,
CHARLES A. MAYER,
of Lock Haven.

COUNTY.

For Legislature,
HARRY SIMLER,
of Philipsburg.

For Sheriff,
AUSTIN CURTIN,
of Boggs.

For Prothonotary,
H. A. SNYDER,
of Eagleville.

For Commissioners,
ANDREW GREGG,
of Potter,
GEORGE TAYLOR,
of Boggs.

For Recorder,
C. P. STONEROAD,
of Snow Shoe.

For Register,
CLINE ZIMMERMAN,
of Walker.

For Auditors,
JAMES P. STEWART,
of Boalsburg,
JOHN P. SEIBERT,
of Benner.

For Coroner,
DR. R. L. DARTT,
of Bellefonte.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUDICIARY.
Independent Candidate.
For Additional Law Judge Twenty-fifth Judicial District,
CHARLES S. McCORMICK,
OF CLINTON COUNTY.

Greenback-Labor Ticket.
For State Senator,
S. WOODS CALDWELL,
OF CLINTON.

VOTERS, do not believe the contemptible lies about General Hoyt published in the *Watchman*. Our candidate is a better man than Dill in every respect by a large majority, and next Tuesday will practically demonstrate to you the truthfulness of our assertion. Whatever our contemporary says against General Hoyt is a DEMOCRATIC LIE, which is the worst kind of a falsehood.

IF it is right for the Democracy of Philadelphia to support Messrs. Thayer, Briggs and Ashman, all Republicans, for Judge, is there anything wrong in Republicans supporting Charles S. McCormick in this Judicial district? Referred to Brother Whaley.—*Lock Haven Republican.*

CAPE TOWN advices to the 1st of October says: "It is stated that Cetywayo, the powerful chief of the Zulu-Caffres, will shortly begin open hostilities against the British."

Election Day.

On Tuesday next, Nov. 5th, is the day when the electors will choose by ballot the Governor of this Commonwealth, as well as members of Congress and the State Legislature, and also county officers. The issues involved in the campaign have been fully discussed, and the different candidates presented so that all voters are prepared to vote intelligently if they desire. That the election of the Republican State ticket is assured, there is no doubt. In order, however, to make assurance doubly sure, every Republican should feel that the success of our State ticket depended upon his vote.

Let every Republican who is interested in the success of the ticket and the party and its principles, resolve to give one *full* day to Republicanism and his country on Tuesday next. Go to work on that day determined to win, and resolve to not only have your own vote polled, but to have every Republican vote in your district polled. Also be on the alert and see that no fraudulent tickets are confused with the Republican tickets and voted by mistake. With a good, honest day's work on election day, Henry M. Hoyt will be elected Governor of Pennsylvania by an overwhelming majority.

No Republican can afford, in these days of *threatened communism* and threatened raids upon the Treasury of the United States by Southern claims, to stay away from the polls or even suffer the Republican vote in the old Keystone State to be diminished by so doing. Let us again exhort you to be on hand promptly on election day for a full day's work.

IT gives us great pleasure to note that the Republicans of the first legislative district of Allegheny county, have chosen for one of their standard bearers, Hon. Henry M. Long. Mr. Long has been twice elected before, and has proven himself to be one of the ablest men of the House. During the last two sessions of the Legislature he served as chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, one of the most responsible positions in the lower branch of the Legislature. He was not only an honor to his native county, but to the State at large, and we are glad to learn that his election is assured, for the people cannot afford to lose the services of such sagacious and representative men.

WE have sent a package of Republican tickets to the members of the Republican Committee in every township. We hope the gentlemen who receive them will at least place them where voters can get them on election day. It is but just that voters should be allowed to express their free, unbiased opinion at the polls as their conscience dictates, and these tickets are sent to these men because we believe them to be gentlemen who would feel in honor bound to place no obstacle in the way of a free expression of the will of the people.

WHEN ex-rebel Governor Walker, of Virginia, comes into our State and says he was willing to shed blood on the late Presidential matter rather than have lost it, what are loyal people to think? Is that the way the South extends the hand of reconciliation? Is that the way her most distinguished men talk? Away with such peacemakers! Their utterances are insulting to a peace-loving people.

WE publish to-day a communication from an "Old-time Republican" in relation to votes for the Congressional candidates, to which we call attention. The Republican conference, having decided not to make a nomination, this office leaves our voters free to choose.

LET every Methodist voter in the county beware of any intrigues to force your vote for Dill. He belongs to no church, and endeavors to capture Methodists because he was born in a parsonage.

THE *Watchman* squealed last week because we struck 'Squire Gephart, the rebel candidate for Legislature, a severe blow. We told the truth, and "truth crushed to earth will rise again."

THERE is nothing in Gephart's record to commend him to the voters of this county. He possesses no ability, and has been fed at the public trough long enough.

THE Manhattan Savings bank, of New York, was broken into last Sunday morning and robbed of nearly $3,000,000 in securities. Eleven thousand dollars in cash was secured.

Communicated.

For Whom Should Republicans Vote?

The action of the Congressional conferees of this district, declaring that it was inexpedient for the Republican party in this district to make any nomination for Congress, has caused many Republicans to anxiously ask themselves the above question. That a grave mistake was committed by our conferees, we cannot doubt. That the conferees from Centre county should be so deaf to the sentiment so unmistakably expressed at the county convention, is a matter of deep mortification and surprise to a large portion of the party. But the past is not to be recalled, and the vital question of the hour is, "how shall Republicans of the 20th district vote on the Congressional question?"

Upon this question the Republicans of the 20th district, primarily, divide into two bodies—first, those who will not vote for a member of Congress, and, second, those who will. To the first we have little or nothing to say. It is owing to no fault of theirs that they are placed in their present distasteful and humiliating position—we say humiliating, because they are compelled either to forego the privilege of voting for Congress, or else to bestow their votes upon one or the other of two candidates without being in hearty and entire accord with the platform or principles of either. Who shall blame them, then, if on election day they carry out fully the action of their conferees by voting in blank upon the Congressional nominations.

But perhaps the largest part of the Republican voters will not be satisfied to so act, and to them the above question appeals for an answer. To such we say, decide *this* question upon principle, just as you are a Republican from principle. No mere desire to compass the defeat of this man or that man should influence you to cast a vote in direct opposition to the principles you profess, a vote of which you would be ashamed as long as you lived. Settle this question, therefore, upon principle, and, if necessarry, bid personal feeling go to the winds. We shall say nothing touching the private life or personal character of either candidate. They are the neighbors, the personal friends of many of us, and were they not candidates, we should hear little or nothing of either which should offend the ear of a friend. How will the interests of this community, of the State and of the Nation, be affected by the election of this or of that candidate, is the question upon which the determination of which your action and your votes should depend.

There are several reasons why Republicans should not vote for the candidate of the Greenback party. The campaign of this party has well been styled "the bankrupt's insurrection" against the payment of his honest debts. To its standard we see flocking all the communistic and socialistic elements of the great cities, those elements, the elevation of which to power, every man who has the good of his country at heart, must so earnestly deprecate. To avoid giving power to a party to whose arms such allies are welcome, is the highest, the most sacred duty of every good citizen.

It is urged that Mr. Yocum has claims upon Republicans because he, too, was, until lately, a Republican. We see nothing in this which does not apply with equal—perhaps greater—force in favor of his antagonist. He chose to leave the Republican party with its glorious record of the past and its high promises of the future for a party the alpha and omega of whose creed is a heresy so diametrically opposed to common honesty, as to only require that it be properly understood to render it a hissing and a bye-word in the ears, a stench in the nostrils of all who claim to be honest men themselves. Here is one great, over-mastering reason which should prevent Republicans from voting for voting for the Greenback candidate. Upon the rock of honest money and specie payments the Republican party has planted its feet in this contest, resolved to conquer or to go down in a defeat made glorious by the honesty of the principles for which they contend. How, then, can Republicans, who care more for the success of Republican principles than for the miserable, petty spoils of office, how can they assist in elevating to office a man who has been nominated because of his hostility to that principle of the Republican party, which, in this campaign, we are most solicitous—a principle ground in the eternal foundations of truth and honesty?

The question very naturally, too, to a Pennsylvanian arises, how do these gentlemen stand upon the tariff? It is said that upon all questions—except those of finance—Mr. Yocum would act with the Republicans. We have, however, seen no pledge of the kind emanating from him, and even the above assurance, on the part of his friends, is carefully guarded. Is not the tariff a financial question? Does not its proper treatment most vitally affect the condition of the Nation's finances?

But there is another side to this question. It is well known that with the Greenbackers the money question overshadows all others. It is also well known that the Greenbackers do not expect to elect a large number of members to Congress, but only to hold the "balance of power." Whatever Greenback legislation they can accomplish, therefore, must be with the aid of one or the other parties. With the Republican party they cannot expect to drive a bargain, and consequently we may confidently look forward to their affiliation with the soft-money, anti-tariff wing of the Democratic party. When, therefore, Greenback interests can be advanced by an anti-tariff vote, it is the sheerest of folly to look for aid to one whose devotion to the Republican tariff party was not strong enough to keep him from following after strange gods.

With Gov. Curtin, the case is different. He is the candidate of a party which is not a unit either upon the money or the tariff question. While we deprecate the opinions of the majority of this party upon these topics, we know that it is a party which has not been "*solid*" against either honest money or a protective tariff. We know that upon these questions the lash of the caucus has been plied in vain. We know that the Democratic members from a tariff district, who faithfully protects the interests of those he represents, and the member who, faithful to his own ideas of honor and honesty, votes against repudiating the faith of the nation, plighted in her hour of peril, will not stand alone in his party. We need scarcely ask where Gov. Curtin stands on these questions. Self-interest alone, that powerful spring of human action, would cause him to vote with that wing of the Democracy which has manfully stood side by side with the Republicans in sustaining the National honor and in protecting American labor. He has a "Union record" and a "tariff record," on neither of which he will turn his back. Let Republicans, and especially Republican workingmen, who propose to vote for a member of Congress at this election, awake to their own interests. Let them understand that the friends of free trade are again preparing to renew their assaults upon protection to American labor. Let them understand that a reduction of even five dollars per ton of the duty upon iron will close nearly every furnace, forge and rolling mill in Pennsylvania, and turn thousands of willing laborers from their fires to seek a livelihood as best they may in new fields and at strange kinds of labor, and then let them ask themselves whether they will vote for one whose life-long record is a pledge of fidelity to their interests in this particular, and whose past career entitles his voice to weight in whatever council he sits, or for one of whose position on this question they are in doubt, who has had no experience in political circles and who is the nominee of a party whose success would be fraught with evil, and evil only to the interests of honest workingmen.

To the Republican who determines to cast a vote for a member of Congress at the coming election, we would say, "look carefully at the position of both candidates, look well to the ultimate results of your vote as cast for the one or the other, and if vote you must, vote for the 'War Governor' of Pennsylvania."

Amid the dark storm-cloud of war he earned a title sweeter to a generous heart than any which a great party can bestow—"the soldiers' friend." The soldiers' friend he was, the soldiers' friend he is today, and the soldier of Pennsylvania can safely feel assured that upon his war record Andrew G. Curtin will never turn his back.

AN OLD-TIME REPUBLICAN.

Early to Work.—One of the best means of insuring success to the Republicans is, to get to work early on the morning of the election. Every voter should be determined to poll his vote just as early in the day as he possibly can, and then work to get every other Republican to do the same. By voting early you are always able to get out a fuller vote. The Republican vote should be pretty fully polled by noon on election day, so that all scattered, doubtful and delinquent voters could be gathered in before polls close in the evening. Let every Republican resolve to be on hand early on election morning, prepared for work.

THE London partizan papers denounce the speech of Lord Dufferin, late Governor of Canada, in which he said the citizens of this great Republic were "a noble, generous and hospitable people, who are so animated by the kindliest feelings towards the Dominion that the two peoples are sure to be united evermore by the bonds of undying friendship."

The Judgeship.

[Copy of letter written for Raftman's Journal.]

EDITOR RAFTMAN'S JOURNAL.—*Dear Sir:*—I have noticed much interest attaching to the Judicial controversy, and having occasion to visit Lock Haven on other business, I took some pains to inquire as to the standing and antecedents of Charles S. McCormick, who is not so well known by our people as I wish he were, and hope he may be.

I learned that his grandfather settled at the Great Island, about one mile east of where Lock Haven now stands, as early as 1773, took up a tract of land and set at once to preparing it for cultivation, this country then being the habitation of the Indians and the land in its wild condition. He cleared a farm on the south side of the river, built a house thereon and raised a family of six or seven boys, who nearly all grew up and raised families in that vicinity, so that his descendants are now very numerous, and are some of the best citizens of the county, mostly farmers.

Mr. McCormick continued to live on this farm until he reached the advanced age of 96 years, when he was gathered to his Fathers, bearing the honors accorded a good, faithful citizen.

Robert McCormick, father of Chas. S., was born upon this farm, lived with his father until his death, then became the owner of it, lived there until he reached the age of 76 years when he received injuries in a railroad accident, from which he died in 1867. Charles S. McCormick then became the owner of a part of this farm, which he has tilled with much success ever since, in connection with his practice of the law.

You will observe the stock is not new, and that to those people he is not an experiment. I find the following language, which, from the best information I could get, is true, published of them in the early part of the campaign: "Since 1773 his people have been the best tillers of the soil our county has known. They have paid more rates into the county treasury than any other name in the county. Their benevolence has gladened the hearts of the poor, and from their door poverty and destitution never went away empty."

Charles S. was born in November, 1835, and lived and worked on his father's farm until he was a little older than men who seek a liberal education usually do. He entered the freshman class of La Fayette College in Sept., 1854, and graduated in July, 1858, and in August of the same year became a law student in the office of C. G. Furst, Esq., and in Sept., 1860, having studied the time prescribed by law, was admitted to practice. Since then he has lived at Lock Haven, diligently pursuing the practice of his profession and with good success. In looking over the trial list I find his name entered to 43 out of 73 cases set down for trial at Feb. term, 1877, and 19 out of 45 cases set down at Sept. term, 1878, and his business moving about in this proportion for several years, even though there are nineteen or twenty lawyers in the county.

In manners, Mr. McCormick is retiring, having probably robbed the social circle of much of the time men ordinarily think it entitled to receive, and devoted these hours to his profession. His industry is said to be very great, his executive faculties good, and his knowledge of the law wide and practical. He is a ruling elder in the Presbyterian church, superintendent of its Sabbath school, in which such men as S. D. Ball, H T. Harvey, Charles Corss, Esqs., and others are teachers. He is held by the community there in the highest esteem, and the contest he is now carrying on against the ring is wonderful. He started out almost alone, but now has hosts of friends working like beavers. He seems to me to be well fitted for the office, and unless present reports are utterly untrue, we need him in that office.

CLEARFIELD.

Communicated.

How to Vote.

The Republican party not having made any nomination for Judge, Congress or State Senate, it leaves the Republican voters free, so far as party obligations are concerned, to either not vote at all for any of the officers named, or to vote for the one or the other of the candidates named by the Democratic party or the Greenback party, as suits them best. For the office of President Judge there are but two candidates, viz.: C. A. Mayer, a Democrat, our present judge, or C. S. McCormick, a Democratic lawyer, of Lock Haven. For Congress we have A. G. Curtin, formerly a Republican, but now identified with the Democratic party, and S. H. Yocum, formerly a Republican, but now a Greenbacker. For State Senator, S. Woods Caldwell, of Lock Haven, always a Democrat and a hotel-keeper, but now a Greenbacker inflationist, and C. T. Alexander, whom everybody knows in Centre county. He has always been a Democrat, but is now much nearer right on the financial question than is his competitor, S. Woods Caldwell.

It is therefore the right of Republicans to choose for themselves which of these several candidates will serve the interests of the people best: which will make the best Judge, the best Congressman and the best Senator. For the Senatorship we are free to express our opinion that Mr. Alexander, whom we know, will make an able and a fearless representative. His interests are the interests of the people, and he will stand by them in everything affecting their interests. The only objection to him is that he is a Democrat; but we know him well enough to believe that on all questions not of a partisan character he will represent the interests of the people. ***

C. S. McCormick Endorses Judge Mayer.

In 1873 C. S. McCormick, Esq., endorsed the official career of Hon. C. A. Mayer by affixing his signature to the following document:

LOCK HAVEN, Dec. 10, 1873.

HON. CHARLES A. MAYER, *President Judge, &c.:*

The members of the Bar of Clinton county having learned that, *under the advice of your physicians*, it is your intention to suspend for a time the discharge of your official duties, and to seek in travel, during this cessation of labor, for that restoration to health that *you might hope for in vain while continuing to perform the arduous mental and physical labors attendant upon the discharge of those duties*, desire to say a few words before parting.

We have often observed with feeling of deep sympathy your efforts, at times, to perform those labors when PAINFUL SUFFERING ON YOUR PART *manifested its presence, notwithstanding* YOUR BRAVE EFFORTS to conceal it.

Under the circumstances, much as we regret to part with you even for a time, and much as we shall miss you in Court and out of Court, we cannot but COMMEND THE COURSE YOU HAVE CONCLUDED TO PURSUE.

THE ARRANGEMENT YOU HAVE MADE FOR THE HOLDING OF COURT IN YOUR ABSENCE MEETS OUR ENTIRE APPROBATION. As the present time seems to be a sort of new point in your official life, we feel that we may express to you, without fear of misconstruction, before this temporary parting, *our high appreciation* OF THE LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE ABILITY, THE INTEGRITY AND THE IMPARTIALITY *that have marked your official acts up to this time.*

You will bear with you our best wishes and hopes for your happiness and restoration to health in your absence, and the assurance that you will be welcomed back on your return in a manner that will leave *no room to doubt the sincerity of your motives.*

Very truly yours,

W. C. Kress,	Paul S. Merrill,
S. D. Ball,	W. A. White,
Jesse Merrill,	Wm. C. Holahan,
S. Rich'd Peale,	H. T. Beardsley,
Cline G. Furst,	L. A. Mackey,
T. C. Hipple,	J. M. Deise,
Charles Corss,	A. F. Ryon,
Jas. Chatham,	H. T. Harvey,
E.P. McCormick,	Wm. Parsons, jr.,
T. T. Abrams,	J. R. Youngman,
Jos. Parsons,	Her. A. Childs,
Orrin T. Noble.	W. H. Clough,

C. S. McCORMICK,

We fully concur in the foregoing testimonial.

Wm. Dunn, A. J.,
W. H. Brown, Proth'y.
Coleman Grugan, A. J.,
J. W. Fleming, Sheriff.

How the Returns will be Estimated.

The following card, which has just been issued, has been prepared by Messrs. Quay and Speer, Chairmen of the Republican and Democratic State Committees:

"PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 24, 1878.—It is agreed that the estimate of losses and gains at the election of this year shall be made by a comparison of the vote for Governor with the vote for Auditor General in 1877, and we request that the vote for the State and Judiciary tickets be first counted, and at once telegraphed to the headquarters of the respective State committees, and that the vote for Legislative candidates be next counted and reported in the same manner.

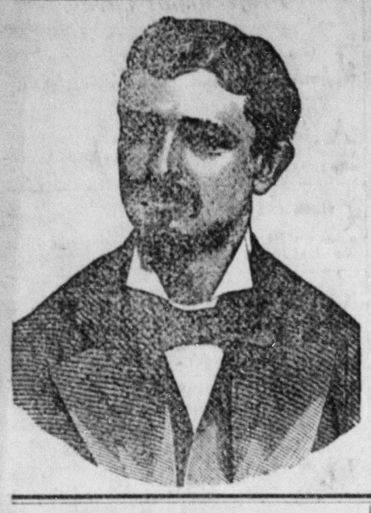
"R. W. SPEER,
"Chairman Democratic State Com.
"M. S. QUAY,
"Chairman Republican State Com."

The following table of the vote in Centre county for Auditor General in 1877 has been prepared and published for the convenience of persons desiring to make comparisons. It shows that a very light vote was polled, as the sum total of ballots cast amounts to only 5,313, being about 2,000 less than the registration in the county:

BOROUGHS AND TOWNSHIPS.	Auditor General.		
	Sibell, D.	Passmore, R.	Patterson, G.
Bellefonte, N. W.	68	140	25
" S. W.	101	68	23
" W. W.	66	45	14
Milesburg Bor	24	20	69
Unionville Bor	31	31	2
Howard Bor	40	38	
Philipsburg Bor	90	74	
Benner	141	24	5
Boggs	86	32	111
Burnside	17	28	7
Curtin	28	29	2
College	70	142	6
Ferguson, old	145	48	2
Ferguson, new	59	59	2
Gregg	120	45	
Half Moon	31	68	1
Haines	162	89	
Harris	111	71	
Howard	47	51	6
Huston	28	53	6
Liberty	41	75	
Marion	89	29	1
Miles	219	32	4
Patton	47	66	
Penn	222	28	
Potter, old	140	58	
Potter, new	158	62	
Rush	99	22	
Snow Shoe	48	33	72
Spring	144	130	22
Taylor	29	31	
Union	54	53	23
Walker	162	43	8
Worth	65	59	2
Total	3321	1868	424

"YOUNG-MAN-AFRAID-OF-HIS-CORPORATION-RECORD" is Dill's latest title. A good one.

WE BELIEVE that if everyone would use Hop Bitters freely, there would be much less sickness and misery in the world; and people are fast finding this out, whole families keeping well at a trifling cost by its use. We advise all to try it.—*U. & A. Rochester, N. Y.* 42-2t.



NEWMAN---The King Clothier,

STILL TAKES THE LEAD!

THE LARGEST, BEST & CHEAPEST STOCK EVER BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTY.

Winter Suits at . . . $3 50 | Suits of Underwear . . 40 cts
Overcoats at . . . . 2 50 | Hats, Boots, Gloves, &c., at low prices.

Clothing made to order at Lowest Prices by first-class Tailors.

The Judicial Question.

The question as to who will occupy the bench in this Judicial District during the coming ten years, is now being pretty thoroughly discussed, and we would be derelict in our duty to our patrons were we to stand aside and view the battle from afar. The importance of retaining, as far as possible, the purity of the judiciary, demands a change in the occupation of the bench should the least taint rest upon his public or private character. The change becomes more important when it is known that the office has been used to advance private interests, and in opposition to the requirements of justice. The judiciary must be held as a sacred office, attainable only by those whose abilities are of the highest order, whose character, both public and private, is above suspicion, and whose integrity cannot be questioned.

Chas. A. Mayer was called to the bench in 1868. His opponents before the nominating conference were G. R. Barret, Esq., of Clearfield, and John H. Orvis, Esq., of Bellefonte. Notwithstanding the defeat of Mr. Barret in the convention he shortly afterward declared himself an independent candidate, to be followed soon after by J. B. McEnally, Esq., another Clearfield lawyer, and a Republican. With two opponents in the field, one a Republican and the other a Democrat, his election was a foregone conclusion; but the returns showed that, on account of his popularity as a man, he ran 272 ahead of his ticket in this county alone. During the ten years that he has occupied the bench not a word of suspicion has been cast upon his character until the opening of the present political contest; and if he has been guilty of the charges preferred against him by Mr. McCormick he certainly has succeeded most effectually in covering up, and thus concealing any irregularities.

Judge Mayer stands almost at the head of the Judiciary of this State—we believe he ranks third—and has won the respect and esteem of the bar of the entire district. But, prior to the primary election, charges were preferred against him, of such a serious character as to demand the attention of the public.

Judge Mayer, in speaking of Mr. McCormick's circular, says: "It has been put in circulation just on the eve of the Delegate Election, *when no opportunity is offered me to refute and contradict its* FALSE STATEMENTS;" thus making the assertion that the statements were false and that he was able to contradict them. "Has he done so?" "Will he do so?" "Can he do so?" "If he can why does he not do it?" "If he can not why does he not promptly say so, and thus act honestly in the matter?" Such are some of the queries and expressions met on our streets daily.

Mr. Mayer is a Democrat, has been placed in nomination by the Democrats, and as such is fair game for the Republicans to bring down, if possible; but we doubt whether they are, as a party, ready to endorse the action of Mr. McCormick, in his personal attack upon Judge Mayer. Further, we venture the assertion that the silence of Judge Mayer is not of his own seeking, and we shall be greatly mistaken if it is not broken, and his vindication and refutation of these charges made and published ere the 5th of November. He owes it to himself, to his friends, and to the public in general, that he meet these open charges at once.

While we cannot endorse, as we have before stated, the political status of either of the two candidates, the Republican party is under obligations to Mr. McCormick for his expose of the manner in which the financial affairs of this county have been conducted in the past. The ruinous policy adopted by the Democratic Commissioners in the erection of the new Court House has been carried out in all their transactions, the result of which has been to bankrupt the county. If the election of Mr. McCormick will tend to correct this state of affairs and thus, in a measure, reduce the fearful taxation under which we are now groaning, every Republican, every taxpayer, every honest man should consider it his duty, to himself, to his neighbors and to his children to cast his vote for a change in the management, not only of the judiciary, but of all the county officers.

Mr. McCormick comes before the people as an Independent candidate—not connected with any party, clique or ring. His private character is over reproach. He is an elder in the Presbyterian church, Superintendent of the Sabbath School, and has always conducted himself as a true christian and an honorable man. He was born in this county and has always been in our midst; is respected by all who know him, and to-day stands as high in the estimation of the citizens of Clinton county as probably any other man in its limits. He has always taken a deep interest in all public improvements and aided, both by voice and money, all enterprises for the advancement of the interest of this city. He was admitted to the bar of Clinton county in 1860 and has rapidly risen in the practice of law, until he now stands among the foremost of his profession. In legal ability he is probably Mayer's equal, while his knowledge on the technicalities of law is on a par with what Mr. Mayer's might have been had he not have had ten years experience on the bench.—*Clinton Republican.*

A Denial.

LOCK HAVEN, PA., Oct. 24, 1878.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—In a communication that appeared in last week's *Republican*, headed "Judge Mayer called on the witness stand for cross-examination," and signed Charles S. McCormick, a reference is made to me, which I desire to brand as a false and infamous libel upon the integrity of Judge Mayer and myself.

The writer states, "Will you now answer and state how often between the time you were sued, and the time the suit against you, under a rule of your Court, was *non prossed*, because of the oversight of the new City Solicitor, (meaning myself) you appointed him to the office of Auditor and other valuable offices, and what was the value to him of such appointments?" This question contains an intimation that I was induced, by bribery, to allow *a non pros.* to be entered in the case. No adversary suit was brought against Judge Mayer, but it was an amiacable action, entered by agreement of parties filed, March 11, 1871. See records of the Court No. 66, May Term, 1871. The case was pending four years before the non pros. was entered. As City Solicitor, I examined the case, and was satisfied the suit could not be maintained, and the case was abandoned long before the non pros. was entered. Judge Mayer always denied his liability to the City, and he never solicited me in any manner to have the suit non prosed, nor was I influenced in any manner directly or indirectly by him or anyone else for him not to prosecute the case.

My character and that of Judge Mayer in this community is too well established to be affected by the malicious assaults of McCormick and his ally.

I pronounce the charges made as libelous ,scandalous and infamous, and the writer deserves at the hands of the voters of this district, who value their own reputation, a merited rebuke, which he will undoubtedly receive on the 5th of November next.

JAMES CHATHAM.

Additional Local Matters.

A Word to the Curious—Powers' Retail Department.

It is a very easy matter to know why Powers can sell boots and shoes so much lower than any other firm engaged in the same business. First, because he buys and sells a much larger quantity than any other firm; second, because he pays for the goods at sight; third, because he positively buys boots and shoes cheaper than any other firm selling them. These are facts which can be substantiated by calling at his shoe store and examining prices.

POWERS' MANUFACTURING DEPARTMENT.

Why is it that Powers manufactures more boots and shoes, and employs more men, than all the rest of the shoe-makers in Bellefonte, or we may say Centre county?

A CARD.

I thought a notice in the paper last week was sufficient to say that I did not intend withdrawing, and also that I was not electioneering for any one but myself. *I positively will not withdraw from the contest for Sheriff;* nor am I electioneering for "Spangler," as some have said; but, once for all, I will say I am, with considerable *vim*, electioneering for

AUSTIN CURTIN.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symtoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, general weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous trembling, dreadful horror of death, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite, with dyspeptic system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffusion and loss of sight, want of attention, etc. These symtoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that, use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Take only E. F. Kunkel's.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and give tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth street, below Vine, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. A photograph of the proprietor on each wrapper, all others are counterfeit.

Beware of counterfeits. Do not let your druggist sell you any but Kunkel's, which is put up only as above represented. You can get six bottles for five dollars. All I ask is one simple trial.

Tape Worm Removed Alive.

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Scat, Pin and Stomach Worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth Street. Advice free. No fee until head and all passes in one, and alive. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in this country for the removal of Worms, and his Worm Syrup is pleasant and safe for children or grown persons. Send for circular, or ask for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price one dollar per bottle. Get it of your druggist. It never fails. 10-41-4w

New Advertisements.

PROVERBS.	PROVERBS.
"For sinking spells fits, dizziness, palpitation and low spirits rely on Hop Bitters."	"$500 will be paid for a case that Hop Bitters will not cure or help."
"Read of procure and use Hop Bitters and you will be strong, healthy and happy."	"Hop Bitters builds up, strengthens and cures continually from the first dose."
"Ladies, do you want to be strong, healthy and beautiful? Then use Hop Bitters."	"Fair skin, rosy cheeks and the sweetest breath in Hop Bitters."
"The greatest appetizer, stomach blood and liver regulator—Hop Bitters."	"Kidney and Urinary complaints of all kinds permanently cured by Hop Bitters."
"Clergymen, Lawyers, Editors, Bankers and Ladies need Hop Bitters daily."	"Sour stomach, sick headache and dizziness, Hop Bitters cures with a few doses."
"Hop Bitters restored to sobriety and health, perfect wrecks from intemperance."	"Take Hop Bitters three times a day and you will have no doctor bills to pay." For sale by F. P. Green, Bellefonte, Pa. 42-4t

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.—In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, there will be exposed to sale by public outcry, at the Court House, Bellefonte, Thursday, Nov. 14, 1878, at one o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, the property of the minor children of James W. Walker, deceased, viz: A certain tract of woodland, situated in the township of Burnside, Centre county, bounded and described as follows: commencing at the north-west corner of the William D. Kerwin tract, thence east along the line of the Wm. D. Kerwin and the Charles Petit tract, one hundred and sixty perches to a stone heap; thence south through the Wm. D. Kerwin tract one hundred perches to a stone heap; thence west through the Wm. D. Kerwin tract 100 perches to a stone heap, at the line of the Jno. Irwin tract; thence along the line of the J. Irwin tract, north, one hundred perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres, more or less, with the appurtenances. The minerals in and upon said land to be reserved, as well as to enter upon and remove the same from said lands.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of the sale, one-third in two years thereafter and one-third in three years, with interest upon all of said payment from date of confirmation of sale, to be secured by bonds and mortgage upon the premises.

DANIEL RHOADS, Guardian, etc.
43-3t

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county. In the matter of the exceptions to the account of Michael Harper, guardian of Sarah L. Hosterman, now Vonada. The undersigned auditor appointed by said court to determine the exceptions as aforesaid to said account, and to restate the account in accordance with his findings, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, the 12th day of November, 1878, when and where all parties interested will please attend.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Auditor.
42-3t

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT

In the District Court of the United States For the Western District of Pennsylvania, in the matter of WESLEY M. HOLMES, Bankrupt. } No. 4011 in Bankruptcy.

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, *S. S.:* At Bellefonte, the 8th day of October, A. D. 1878.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wesley M. Holmes, of Bellefonte, in the county of Centre, and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, by the district court of said district.

ADAM HOY, Assignee.
42-3t

PROPOSALS for building a bridge (abutments and superstructure) across the Bald Eagle creek, at Unionville, will be received at the Commissioners' Office until 12 o'clock M. of the 19th inst. Specifications can be seen at their office, in Bellefonte, Pa. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. A. MINGLE,
AN'W. GREGG,
J. N. HALL,
Comm'rs.

HENRY BECK, Clerk.

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Came to the premises of George Smeltzer, in Marion township, on or about September 10, 1878, one white Steer and one spotted Heifer, each about two years old. Both have notches in their ears. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, and pay damages, or the said Steer and Heifer will be sold according to law.

43 3t GEORGE SMELTZER.

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E. P. & L. RESTEIN,
1102 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 42-4w

PIANOS Retail price $1000 only $275. Parlor Organs, price $340 only $95. Paper free. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. 42-4t

25 FANCY CARDS with name, 10c., Plain or Gold, 150 styles. Agt's outfit 10cts. Hull & Co., Hudson, N. Y. 41-4w

S. & A. LOEB'S Space.

A FEW QUESTIONS For The People:

Why do you pay $1.25 to 1.50 for a sack of salt that we sell for $1.00?
Why do you pay 10 cents for muslin that we sell for 8 cents?
Why do you pay $2.00 for a pair of Button Shoes that we sell for 1.25?
Why do you pay 25 cents for Alpaca that we sell for 15 cents?
Why do you pay four dollars for a pair of boots that we sell for three dollars?
Why do you pay ten dollars for a suit of clothes that we sell for eight dollars?
Why do you pay one dollar for a hat we sell for seventy-five cents? and thousands of other articles in a like proportion.
Why do you always spend your money for a FEW goods, when a very little money will buy a GREAT MANY.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

WE OFFER NO BAITS.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.

Our Prices are Below the Lowest.

S. & A. LOEB.

10 38 tf

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STILL AHEAD!!

BEATS ALL.

LIGHTEST RUNNING.

ROOMY.

Self-Threading.

THE LEADING MACHINE OF THE AGE.

:o:

Call at the

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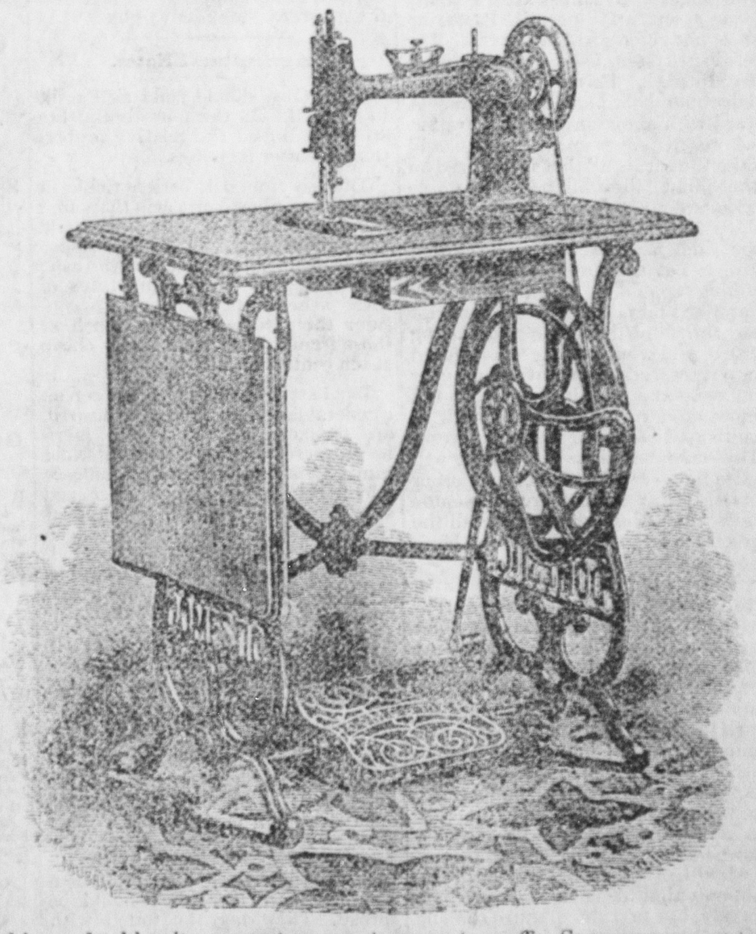
Pianos, Organs

AND

Sewing Machines.



N. B.—Persons selecting a machine and taking it away get an agents percentage off. Save your money.

New Adertisements.

TOES PROTRUDING

Through Ragged Holes need no longer offend the eye, or children's **costly shoes be thrown away** on that account, when otherwise but little worn. THE AMERICAN SHOE TIP CO., have saved

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS

annually to Parents in this country, by the introduction of the

Copper and Silver Tips,

and they are applied chiefly to children's heavy shoes, many parents objecting to the looks of Metal Tips on

FINE SHOES.

All such will be happy to know that this company have at last perfected a

BLACK TIP

which adds to the beauty of the finest shoe, the toe remaining neat until the shoe is worn out.

These tips are stamped A. S. T. CO.

The more costly the Shoe the more important the Tip, as it at least doubles the wearing value of the Shoe. **PARENTS!** buy no Children's Shoes without the Metal or this nice Black Tip, and thus reduce your Shoe bills more than one-half. 42-4w

Ask your Shoe Dealer for Them

New Advertisements.

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.

A WONDERFUL REMEDY.

There is no comparison between it and the common slow acting porous plaster. It is in every way superior to all other external remedies including liniments and the so-called electrical appliances. It contains new medicinal elements which in combination with rubber, possess the most extraordinary pain relieving, strengthening and curative properties. Any physician in your own locality will confirm the above statement. For LAME BACK, Rheumatism, Female Weakness, Stubborn and Neglected Colds and Coughs, diseased Kidneys, Whooping cough, affections of the heart, and all ills for which porous plasters are used, it is simply the best known remedy. Ask for Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster, and take no other. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cts. Sent on receipt of price, by Seabury & Jackson, 21 Platt Street, N. Y. 42-4w

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We will pay Agents a Salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Address, without delay, SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Mich. 42-4t

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$10 TO $1000 Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Addre BAXTER & CO., BANKERS, 17 Wall street, New York. 42-4w

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of smoothing and flavoring.* The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. JACKSON & Co., Hfrs., Petersburg, Va.

G. F. WARDLE, General Agent, Philadelphia
41 4t

Black Forest Oil Catarrh Remedy

WARRANTED TO CURE IN ALL CASES.

Where directions are followed. Sold by all druggists in one and two dollar packages. Patients using our remedy should write us fully of their cases, and we will send them special directions. If your druggist has not our remedy, write to us at once for sample package, circulars, &c. Address, F. H. BOWER & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., General agents for the United States and Canada

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

Dairying with Gardening.

The drift of the American people is strongly towards cities and villages, and this, no doubt, arises to satisfy a desire for closer social relations. More than half of the population of the most populous States live in cities and villages, and are non-producers of food. This makes a large demand for the productions of market gardens, and these market gardens must be kept in a high state of fertility to produce remunerative crops. Contiguous to large cities manures may be obtained from city stables, but this is all absorbed by a small proportion of the gardeners, and the much greater number must depend upon other resources for fertilizers. Stable manures are so bulky that the cost of handling them more than five to eight miles renders them unprofitable. We have known gardeners to expend more in hauling manures fifteen miles from the city than the same manures could have been produced for at the garden. These city manures cost, delivered eight miles, not less than six dollars per cord. The same fertilizing material can be made at the garden from cows for less money. If we suppose (which is not too high) that a cow will make five cords of as good manure per year, this part of her product would be $30. A judicious selection of cows and proper feeding will give a small profit on the cost of labor and keeping in the production of milk, and the manure might be considered a sufficient profit.

We are aware that the gardener will have many objections to dairying for the supply of manure required. He will be apt to object, first, that the extra labor will be too great to add to his gardening. But a large part of this extra labor may be performed by the men required to drive his teams to the city for manure. The labor that hauls his manure from the city will nearly suffice to care for and milk the cows. This labor occurs at stated times each day, and the balance of the time this help may be used in gardening labor. He will not require the labor of his expert hands in gardening for the dairy. The work of the dairy is a separate occupation, and he will find these assistants outside of the gardening class. Dairy products are always cash, and will meet the expenses of this part of his business.

Another objection will be, that he has not land enough to afford room for cows—no pasture, etc. It is quite true that most gardeners have no room for pasturing cows, and the true system of manure-making for gardening will not admit of pasturing. His object is to produce manure and keep it within reach for use, and he does not want it scattered over the pasture. He must keep as many cows as space will permit. Pasturing does not belong to his system. The soiling saystem is here precisely his trump card. This does not require improper confinement of cows. A yard with abundance of pure water, where his cows may exercise and take the air, is all that is required on that point; they will be fed in stable with green food in summer. He should keep not less than two cows for each acre actually in garden crop. Let us see how completely soiling comes to his aid. Every gardner knows the advantage of rest for the land in these exhausting crops, and what new vigor is infused into it by seeding to clover for a year or two—and on this account, not more than one-third to one-half is cultivated each year in garden crops. This land, taking a short rest, will raise fine crops of clover and other grasses, with annual crops to come between cuttings and furnish all the green food required, besides a large portion of the winter fodder.

Then note how the gardener may save everything he raises and turn it to good account. Peas sown for market will make excellent soiling food after the last picking. Green pea vines make good milk. Refuse cabbages, carrot and beet tops all turn to cash in the dairy. A large amount of such green food is furnished by a garden. But as the object of the gardener will be manure, he will not confine himself merely to feeding what grows on his own land, but will buy freely what he can feed with a profit. He will desire not only that his cows shall produce largely, but that the manure shall be of the best quality. He will therefore feed grain liberally, as he may well afford it, for it will be repaid every night in milk. Corn meal, oat meal, pea meal and middlings of wheat will be fully paid for in butter at twenty-five cents and cheese at ten cents.—*Rural New Yorker.*

POTATO YEAST.—Two good-sized potatoes, grated raw; pour on half a pint of boiling water, half a cup of white sugar, teaspoonful of salt; when cool, put in half a cup of good yeast; let it rise; when light, put it in a bottle and cork tightly. Half a cupful makes two loaves of bread; reserve half a cupful every time for raising.

TO FRY CHICKENS.—Many people prefer chickens fried to any other way. Dissect, salt and pepper with cayenne; roll the pieces in flour and fry in lard. When done, pour off the lard and put in a quarter of a pound of butter, a teacupful of cream, a little flour, and some parsley scalded and chopped fine for the sauce.

Recipes.

BATTER PUDDING.—One quart of milk, four eggs, six spoonfuls of flour, a little salt; bake it twenty minutes.

APPLE PUDDING.—Make a pastry as for apple dampling; roll it out; lay it on a pudding cloth; pile up some sliced apples; sprinkle plenty of dark brown sugar on, and cinnamon or nutmeg; add half a cup of water; gather up the edges of the paste together; tie the cloth loosely; boil an hour and a half.

BEEF TEA.—Cut in small pieces a pound or more of beef, depending upon how much tea you wish to make; put the beef into a pitcher, or any earthen vessel, covered tightly. To a pound of beef add a little salt and a pint of cold water; let it steep two hours. You will have a pint of tea; set it to cool a long while, to get off all the fat.

SILVER CAKE.—Two teacups of white sugar, three-fourths of a cup of butter, one cup of sweet milk, four cups of flour, whites of four eggs beaten to a froth, one teaspoonful of soda, two of cream tartar; flavor with vanilla, nutmeg or lemon. First rub the butter and sugar to a cream and then add the other ingredients; bake in a quick oven.

COLD SLAW.—Shave cabbage fine; scald half a pint of vinegar, mix one small teaspoonful of corn-starch in one-third of a cup ul of cream (or condensed milk a very little thinner), with one egg well beaten, and a little salt; pour the scalded vinegar on the mixture very slowly, so as not to break the egg, then boil until thick; pour hot on the cabbage; a few capers and olives will improve the slaw for those who are ond of such things.

GINGER SNAPS.—Take a half pound of sifted flour, a quarter of a pound of good butter, a quarter of a pound of pulverized sugar, two eggs and two ounces of ground ginger; beat the butter to a cream, then add the flour by degrees, then the sugar and the ginger; mix the whole into a smooth, stiffish batter with the eggs; lay out this mixture on buttered tins or paper at a little distance apart, so as to allow the cakes to spread. Bake in a slow oven.

CHOW-CHOW. — Take fifty small pickles, two quarts of silver onions, two quarts of green string-beans, one dozen green tomatoes, three heads of cauliflower; let the onions stand in brine twelve hours, then peel. If the beans are large, break them. Slice the green tomatoes, cut up the cauliflowers; let all stand in brine twenty-four hours. To one gallon of vinegar use one pound of mustard (common is the best), mix it with a little vinegar and add it to the rest. One or two tablespoonfuls of oil of mustard, one tablespoonful of cayenne pepper—use more spices if preferred. Tie the spices in a white cloth and boil in the vinegar before adding the mustard. It can be put in preserve jars in alternate layers; fill three-quarters full; when filling the jars add here and there a little red and green pepper; fill up with the mustard; make air tight.

Agricultural Notes.

GOOD COWS should yield rich milk in the fall. As the flow diminishes on late fall feed the relative proportion of butter increases.

THE ash from oak bark is richer in potash and phosphoric acid than that from the wood. As to hemlock bark, we cannot speak from any knowledge of the chemical character of the ash; but having used large quantities of these ashes from a tannery, we consider them to be worth as much as those from oak wood, and very cheap at ten cents a bushel.

THE best breed of sheep to keep on a general farm, where wool is desired, are the common, native grade merino ewes crossed with a pure cotswold ram. This gives a large lamb, a fleece which brings the highest price, and a flock which can be procured as cheaply as any. Good store ewes can be bought for about $3 to $4 per head, and a good ram for $25. To have early lambs, the ewes should be procured and coupled without loss of time.

TO KEEP borers from the trees, apply a wash made of superphosphate of lime, manufactured from "sludge acid," and cow dung; put this on thick with a broom early in the spring. To take the borers out of trees, use a small gouge and dig them out; if they are in deeply, punch them in the holes with a sharp wire. Cut off suckers and sprouts at any time; as soon as they are seen is the best time. To get rid of the tussocks, chop them off with a heavy sharp hoe; pile them and burn them; the ashes should be spread. They may be rotted with lime but that costs more than the result is worth.

——The Altoona *Tribune* gives the following account of the effect of the recent wind storm upon Sells Bros. circus while at Tyrone: "A terrible storm of wind occurred at Tyrone on Wednesday. Sells Brothers' circus and menagerie exhibited in the town, and about 1:30 p. m., while the canvasmen were busy preparing the tents, the storm struck the circus pavilion and blew it down, blowing the top off. Fearing the animal tent would also meet the same fate the wild beasts were taken out and ranged in a circle outside of the limits of the main pavilion, and a side canvas was put up to enclose them. During the raging of the elements an immense black bear which had been fastened in the menagerie pavilion became frightened, and, breaking his chains escaped and ran in a straight line toward the mountain, scattering the large crowd like chaff before the wind. After running twenty rods or more he was captured. If the beast would have had but a few rods more or a start he would certainly have escaped. After he had been caught and refastened the bear appeared cross and the boys who were lounging about were warned to keep at a safe distance. A lad named Eddie Hopkins ran close by the bear, and Bruin reached out and truck him with his heavy paw, lacerating the boy's leg at the lower extremsity. The elephants and dromedaries were so tame that during the confusion they were allowed to run at will, and partook of many handfuls of peanuts from the crowd. In the side-show tent, which also blew down, was a large gorilla. It was remarked by an attache that it was a providential circumstances that the gorilla kept his temper or things in that department would have been torn to ribbons. The main tent was finally fixed up for the afternoon performance which took place under the blue canopy of heaven, the job of replacing the roof of the pavilion being one that would consume too much time. Everything was in ship-shape in the evening, however. The day was an exciting one for Tyrone.

THE OCTOBER number of *Blackwood's Magazine*, just published by the LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co., 41 Barclay St. N. Y., contains an unusual variety of readable articles. The place of honor is given to the opening chapters of a serial, "The New Ordeal," a story of the future, in style, subject, and treatment strongly reminding us of "The Battle of Dorking." It is cleverly written.

It appears as if an Australian hurricane would be needed to blow away the clouds that are gathering round "John Caldegate." "Fred" is probably written by Ralph Lindau. We wish he would write something a little more cheerful.

"Fire-flies" is an indescribable article. Every one should read and understand it for himself (if he can). "The troubles of a Scots Traveller" gives the amusing and sometimes distressing experiences of a traveler in the seventeenth century, who explored Europe, Palestine and parts of Africa.

"Three days in Paris" gossips of the sights and the people, Paris in general, and this exhibition season in particular. For the sentimental there are poems, and the rest of the articles treat of India and the East, and England's and Russia's interest in them.

The periodicals reprinted by the LEONARD SCOTT PUBLISHING Co. (41 Barclay Street, N. Y.) are as follows: *The London Quarterly, Edinburgh, Westminster*, and *British Quarterly Reviews*, and *Blackwood's Magazine*. Price, $4 a year for any one, or only $15 for all, and the postage is prepaid by the publishers.

A NEW STORY BY GEORGE MCDONALD.—Littell's Living Age, in its issue for the week ending October 19th, begins the publication, from the author's advance sheets, of a new serial story by George McDonald. The new story is entitled "SIR GIBBIE," and promises to be one of much interest.

VEGETINE

Rev. J. P. Ludlow, Writes;

178 BALTIC STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1874.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.

Dear Sir—From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cures thereby have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the VEGETINE for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.

JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church,
Sacramento, Cal.

VEGETINE

SHE RESTS WELL.

SOUTH POLAND, ME., October 11, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the VEGETINE I rest well and relish my food. Can recommend the VEGETINE for what it has done for me. Yours respectfully,

MRS. ALBERT RICKER.

Witness of the above,
MR. GEORGE M. VAUGHAN,
Medford, Mass.

VEGETINE
GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN.

BOSTON HOME, 14 TYLER STREET,
BOSTON, April, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the VEGETINE you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula. With respect,

MRS. N. WORMELL, Matron.

VEGETINE.

REV. O. T. WALKER, SAYS:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.

I feel to express with my signature the high value I place upon your Vegetine. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic. O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Dowdoin-square Church, Boston.

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NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, Mass., Nov. 14, 1876.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the Vegetine. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using Vegetine, I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody. Yours truly,

MRS. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 16 Lagrange Street, South Salem, Mass.

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RECOMMEND IT HEARTILY.

SOUTH BOSTON.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint and General Debility of the system. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers from the above complaints. Yours respectfully,

MRS. MUNROE PARKER.

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H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

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The Great
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Before Taking
After Taking.

Self Abuse: as loss of Memory, Universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.
HARRIS & EWING, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa. vol-10-37-1y

Ear Diseases.

Dr. C. E. Shoemaker's Book on Deafness and diseases of the Ear and their proper treatment—especially Running Ear. How to get immediate relief from all the unpleasantness of this disease, and a perfectly harmless and permanent cure. A book every family should have. Sent free to all. Address Dr. C. E. SHOEMAKER, Aural Surgeon, Reading, Pa. 41-4w

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Drugs, Drugs, Drugs.

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Drugs & Medicines,
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PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

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The store will remain under the direction of the accomplished druggist and pharmacist, heretofore connected with it, Mr. H. M. Herrington, and we respectfully solicit the custom of our friends and the old patrons of the store.

9 16-1y S. T. SHUGERT.

Miscellaneous.

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7-4f Bellefonte, Pa.

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GUNS! GUNS!

The public are respectfully informed that I have just received a very choice stock of

SINGLE AND DOUBLE
BREECH LOADING
SHOT GUNS
AND
REVOLVERS,

which I cordially invite sportingmen to inspect before purchasing elsewhere.

Breech-loading double guns	$24 to $50
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Muzzle-loading double shot guns, fine twist, patent breech, with powder flask and shot pouch—a bargain	$14 00
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Dittmarr's new powder per can	$1
Shot per pound	10 cts
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Cartridges and all kinds of sporting goods at lowest market prices at

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Invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Price 25 Cents a Box.

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CURES

flesh wounds,	frozen limbs,	salt rheum,
chilblains,	sore breast,	sore lips,
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chapped hands,	burns,	cancers,
felons.	scalds,	sores,
ulcers,	wounds,	stings,
shingles,	festers,	wens,
sties,	piles,	abcess,
freckles,	bunions,	sprains,
boils,	bites,	cuts,
whitlows,	warts,	blisters,
tan,	pimples,	corns,
scurvy,	itch,	ingrowing nails,

nettle rash, mosquito and flea bites, spider stings.

And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cents. 10-33-1y

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
ja4'7t-tf Bellefonte, Pa., Office on High St.

A. O. FURST,
Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-4f

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8 42-4f

W. A. MORRISON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5 17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v3n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-87

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office on Allegheny Street, over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office North side of the Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promptly made.

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-26 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-4f

CIDER Grape Juice Are kept PRESERVES
Sweet By
PRESERVING FLUID.
W. ZINSSER & CO., 197 William Street, New York. 39-4w

Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions.

OPENING OF THE
FALL SEASON.

Valentines & Co.

HAVE LAID IN A LARGE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
GROCERIES,
Queensware, Glassware, &c., &c.

REMEMBER OUR LOW PRICES:

Tea, per pound	40 cents
Coffee, per pound	20 cents
Soap, per cake	4 cents
Syrup, per gallon	60 cents

SALT IS LOWER THAN EVER—A Car Load just received.

Wanted---1000 Bushel Potatoes

Will pay the HIGHEST market price for Butter and Eggs.

Humes' Block, - Bellefonte, Pa.

HARRY K. HICKS,

(Successr to T. A. Hicks & Bro.)

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, OILS, PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY, &C.

Also has the agency of the South Bend Chilled Plow for this county.

I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY PARTY THAT SELLS THE SAME QUALITY OF GOODS.

Clothing.

SEASON of 1878!

Fine Clothing

MADE TO YOUR OWN ORDER

CHEAPER THAN

READY - MADE.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF

HATS AND CAPS!

FINE SHIRTS

A SPECIALTY.

BUY GOOD WARM CLOTHING AT LOW PRICES FROM

Montgomery & Co.

No. 7 Brockerhoff Row.

10 4-tf

WM. S. TRIPPLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5 12-1

Confectionery.

CANDY MANUFACTORY AND BAKERY.

Mr. Albert Kauth,

—AT THE—

Bishop Street Bakery,

is now making the very best BREAD, CAKES AND PIES in Bellefonte.

Candies and Confections.

He also manufactures all kinds of candies, and dealers can purchase of him as low as in the city. Candies of all kinds always on hand, together with Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates Nuts, Syrups, Jellies and everything good.

CENTRE COUNTY OYSTER DEPOT.

An excellent oyster saloon also attached to the Bakery. Call and see me

8 32-1y ALBERT KAUTH.

Medical.

A LECTURE To Young Men.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or SPERMATORRHŒA, induced by Self-Abuse Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain, and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box, 4586.

10-27-1y

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP.

Over **1,000,000** bottles sold. It is the most popular remedy for **COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, HOARSENESS,** and **all THROAT** and **LUNG diseases.** Has been in use for *half a century.* Doctors recommend it. J. E. YOUMAN, Long P. O., Ill., says: "It saved my two children from the *grave.*" A. L. SIMMONS, *of* Baltimore, Md., also says: "It will cure the worst cough immediately." **Take no other!**

Prices, **25** cents, **50** cents, and **$1.00** per bottle.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., *Prop'r,* **Pittsburgh, Pa.**

HUNT'S REMEDY

The Great Kidney Medicine is not a new compound; it has been before the public 30 years and used by all classes. HUNT'S REMEDY has saved from lingering disease and death hundreds who have been given up by Physicians to die. HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, and Incontinence and Retention of Urine. HUNT'S REMEDY encourages sleep, creates an appetite, braces up the system, and renewed health is the result. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Loins, General Debility, Female Diseases, Disturbed Sleep, Loss of Appetite, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and all Complaints of the Urinary Organs. HUNT'S REMEDY is purely vegetable, and meets a want never before furnished to the public, and the utmost reliance may be placed in it.

HUNT'S REMEDY is prepared EXPRESSLY for the above diseases, and has never been known to fail.

One trial will convince you.

Send for pamphlet to

WM. E. CLARKE, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HUNT'S REMEDY

CANDIDATES STICKERS.

Arnold's Pat. Ready-Cut Blanks

Dispenses with the tedious delay of hand clipping. Ask your printer for a sample, or address

JAMES ARNOLD Manufacturer, Phila., Pa.

39-4t

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools.

RAKES FORKS, SCYTHES, CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Planing Mill.

Laird, Foutz & Bartley

(Successors to McClellan & Speer)

PROPRIETORS OF

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash,

Doors,

Sidings,

Floorings,

Mouldings,

Scroll Work,

Stairs,

Building Material,

Cottage Bedsteads,

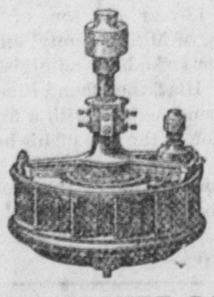
Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.

LAIRD, FOUTZ & BARTLEY,

10 23 6m Bellefonte, Pa.

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



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ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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THOMAS H. RHOADS,

is prepared to do

PAPER HANGING, PAINTING & GLAZING

at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on Lamb street, Bellefonte, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

☞Satisfaction guaranteed. 8-42-1y

W. L. FOULK, Agent Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Western Press Association, is hereby appointed the sole and only authorized agent for the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, for Pittsburg, Allegheny and vicinity—this to hold good for six months or further extended.

Bellefonte, April 16, 1877

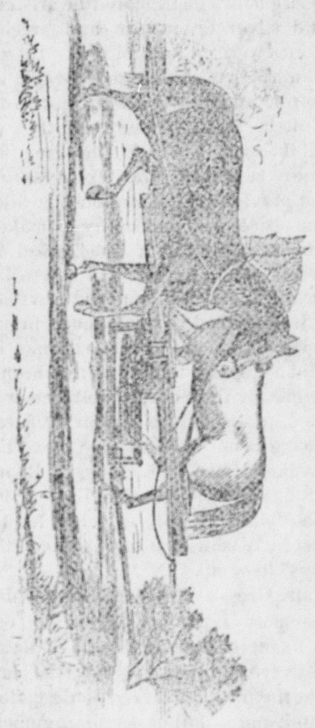
Farming Implements.

HORSE-POWER

AND

Threshing Machine,

With Straw Carriers of different sizes.



The above cut represents a two-horse

SWEEP POWER

IRON FRAME,

Very simple in its construction, and durable

IT IS A TUMBLING

BAR POWER,

AND HAS AN IRON JACK.

In these times of financial depression money is more easily saved than earned. So that every farmer needs his own

THRESHING MACHINE

AND

POWER,

to thresh when it suits him, and when his men and horses have nothing else to do. Address

W. H. H. Nivling & Co.,

TYRONE, PENN'A.

10-31-3m

Lumber.

LUMBER. MILL AT SNOW SHOE, PA. YARD AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

P. B. CRIDER. F. W. CRIDER.

P. B. CRIDER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS.

In connection with their Mills in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa. they have started

A Retail LUMBER YARD near Duncan Hale & Co.'s Mill, Bellefonte, Pa.,

where they are prepared to fill orders promptly for any kind of BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING, PAVING, &c White and Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock Plank, Boards, and Building Lumber; Hemlock Scantling; Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Wainscoting; Weather-boards, Surfaced Boards and Strippings; Posts, Rails, Palings and Shingling Lath, Sheathing and Shingles; Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, Shutters and Mouldings.

CELLAR GRATES, WINDOW WEIGHTS AND BRICK; LIME, HAIR, GLASS, NAILS, &c., &c.

☞A reasonable amount of farm produce taken in exchange.

10-18 1y

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to HALLET & CO., Portland, Maine. 10 21 1y

WHY GO WEST? Send for Delaware Farm Catalogue and Maps. J. F. MANCHA, Dover, Del.

Star Parlor Organ.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

DURING

FEBRUARY & MARCH

WE WILL SELL A

Star Parlor Organ

WITH UPRIGHT WALNUT CASE, CARVED LIDS, CARVED BRACKETS, VENEERED PANELS, ARTISTIC WORKMANSHIP, HAVING 12 STOPS TWO 5-OCTAVE SETS OF REEDS, AND ONE 3-OCTAVE SET.

LIST PRICE - $275.00.

Reduced Price $85,00.

Deposit the purchase money with your bank or responsible business man AND SEND FOR THE ORGAN. Pay freight and examine it ten days. If it satisfies you the deposit is ours; if you are not entirely satisfied, return the Organ to the railroad station and get your freight, go the bank or business man and get your money. You have not lost a penny and have run no risk.

WE FULLY WARRANT FOR

FIVE YEARS.

We are the bona fide manufacturers, having large factories in WASHINGTON, N. J., driven by steam.

We are the only advertisers from this place who make any part of an Organ.

FOR CASH WITH THE ORDER WE WILL DISCOUNT TEN DOLLARS FROM THE ABOVE PRICE.

Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLEY & CO.,

10-9 tf Washington, N.J.

Miscellaneous.

$2500 A Year. Active Agents $2500 A Year.

WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY, TO CANVASS OUR LINE OF FINE

PREMIUM FAMILY BIBLES.

ENGLISH and GERMAN, PROTESTANT and CATHOLIC.

Comprising nearly 100 different Styles, with numerous elegantly Illustrated Explanatory Features.

The most COMPLETE, PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL line of Bibles ever offered to the American Public.

—ALSO ON OUR—

Grand Combination Prospectus

OF 150 DISTINCT PUBLICATIONS.

Representing Agricultural, Biographical, Historical, Religious and Miscellaneous Works, and Family, Pulpit and pocket Bibles and Testaments, wanted in every family.

A Novel Feature in Canvassing. Sales made from this Prospectus, when all single books fail.

Also GENERAL and LOCAL AGENTS WANTED on our

GREAT WAR BOOK,

The most Comprehensive, Reliable and Accurate History of the late conflict between The Russian and The Turk, with its 300 elegant Engravings, Maps and Plans, the most showy, desirable and useful book now published. For Circulars and Liberal terms, address,

JNO. E. POTTER & CO., Publishers,

PHILADELPHIA.

9-26-1-y

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

TEMPERANCE ORCHESTRA

THE above organization can be engaged to play for churches, Sunday schools, social entertainments, temperance organizations, festivals, &c., at very reasonable rates, by applying by letter or in person to the leader.

E. A SMITH, Leader.

No 7, Humes' Block 7-tf

Bush House.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS!

—THE—

BUSH HOUSE!

BELLEFORTE, PA.,

has been thoroughly renovated and repaired, and under the management of the new proprietor, MR. GEORGE HOPPES, formerly of Pittsburgh, is first-class in all its appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

GEORGE HOPPES, Proprietor.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

STOVES, RANGES,

—AND—

HARDWARE,

CHEAPER THAN EVER:

WILSON & McFARLANE

ARE SELLING ALL KINDS OF

Double & Single Parlor Heaters,

COOK STOVES AND RANGES,

LOWER THAN THEY WERE EVER SOLD BEFORE. ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, PAINTS,

Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c.,

ARE SOLD VERY LOW. They are the only party in this County selling the celebrated

ARMSTRONG'S McKELVY'S PURE WHITE LEAD.

GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE AND BETTER THAN ANY LEAD IN THE MARKET.

It will pay one double to buy at the new Hardware Store, Humes' Block Allegheny-street, Bellefonte, Pa.

9 14-tf. WILSON & McFARLANE.

Fairbanks' Scales.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES

FAIRBANKS

THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD

Over 300 Modifications.

TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF EVERY BUSINESS

SCALES.

Made with the Latest and Most Valuable Improvements.

Two Grand Prizes

AT PARIS EXPOSITION.

Received Highest Medals at

World's Fair, London,	1851
World's Fair, New York,	1853
World's Fair, Paris,	1867
World's Fair, Vienna,	1873
World's Fair, Santiago (Chili),	1875
World's Fair, Philadelphia,	1876
World's Fair, Sydney (Australia),	1877
World's Fair, Paris,	1878

FAIRBANKS & EWING,

715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

10 38 13t

ESSENTIAL OILS.

WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, PENNYROYAL, SPEARMINT, &c.

of prime quality, bought in any quantity for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commission storage, &c., by

Dodge & Olcott,

Importers and Exporters, 88 William St., N. Y.

10-24-6m

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business, addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

FARM FOR SALE.—We offer for sale a farm in Marion township, containing three hundred and eighty-eight acres, about fifty acres cleared a sod house and barn, wash house and other necessary buildings on the place, also good water and a large assortment of fine fruit trees. This is a good opportunity for anyone wanting a good home. Terms to suit purchaser. Price $3,000. Apply to

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

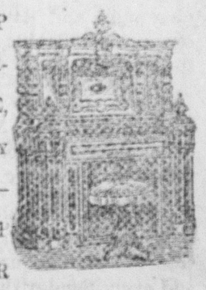
10 9-tf REPUBLICAN office.

Bellefonte, Feb. 23, 1878.

Organs & Sewing Machines.

WAR! WAR! WAR!

NEW 13 STOP PARLOR ORGANS, PRICE, $340; FOR ONLY $110 CASH.—NEW 9 STOP ORGANS FOR



$70. PRICE, $270.

NEW SEWING MACHINES

COMPLETE FOR $25.00.

Come and see for yourselves, at

BUNNELL & AIKENS'

Music Store,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE.

27-tf

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER,

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

RAILROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.

ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 9 25 1y

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

PUBLISHED EVERY
WEDNESDAY MORNING
AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Turkeys are getting ripe.

—Best horse and cattle powders at Green's, 15 cents per pack.

—Mr. O. D. Rhen, of Williamsport, spent Sunday in town.

—Clearfield county had a slight snow storm lately.

—Snow flakes were visible in this vicinity last Monday afternoon.

—No machine runs as easy as the new Howe machine. It runs faster than all others.

—The officers of the Pennsylvania railroad company are making their annual tour of inspection.

—Try the Celluloid truss, every one guaranteed. Sold at Green's drug store.

—Lewistown had a big fire on the 20th, several stables and sheds being destroyed.

—A communication in last week's Clearfield *Republican* denounces horse racing at county fairs.

—Have you been to see the new Howe sewing machine? It can't be beat.

—Has the *Watchman* learned who delivered the address in the Court House last Friday evening?

—There was a Democratic festival at Philipsburg last Saturday afternoon and evening.

—Several Osceola people have gone to California with a view to permanently locating in that State.

—The Democracy of Centre bade farewell at Philipsburg last Saturday previous to leaving for Salt River.

—The *Watchman* people had a mess of black bass last week. That's what made the contents of their paper so *fishy*.

—Subscribers changing their place of residence will notify us immediately, in order that the REPUBLICAN may be forwarded without delay.

—The list of awards given by the Centre county agricultural society will be found on the inside of this week's issue.

—The paper will be held back next week until Thursday, so that we can give our readers the result of the election.

—Valentines' iron works are running night and day again, and will continue on "double turn" as long as stock lasts.

—Who sells the new Howe machine? Why, A. C. Moore who is the only authorized agent in Centre Co. Office at Milesburg.

—We are requested to announce that services will be he held in the Ger. Reformed church next Sunday and every Sunday thereafter.

—The new Howe sewing machine sold by our genial and good-natured agent A. C. Moore, is called by all the most perfect machine made. Office at Milesburg.

—Religious revivals will soon be in order. The *Watchman* sanctum would be a good place to start one. In that field the "harvest is white and the laborers few."

—Bond Valentine has taken the agency for the Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. This is a foreign company and one of the best. Mr. Valentine will act for no other.

—The Osceola *Reveille* says J. N. Cassanova, of this county, has received an order from Cuba, for 50,000 tons of coal, which he will ship immediately.

—Hon. Galusha A. Grow arrived in town last Friday moining and registered at the Bush House. In the evening he addressed a large assemblage in the Court House.

—The penitentiary commission have decided to locate the new penitentiary at Huntingdon, which settles our hash for institutions of that character. Huntingdon needs it.

—We regret that the Holidaysburg *Standard* doubts our veracity about the boy shooting a catamount. All right, Schwartz, we're mighty glad we don't work about a Democratic windmill.

Dogs as Personal Property.

By an act of the Legislature approved 18th of May, 1878, the clerks of the several courts of Quarter Sessions within this Commonwealth are required to procure a docket, at the expense of the county, for the registering of dogs. The owner of a dog who wishes to have him registered must give age, color, height, and such other marks or description as may be deemed necessary. For this a fee of one dollar must be paid. If the owner of the dog so registered sells him, he is authorized to transfer the Clerk of Court's certificate to the purchaser, but the transfer must also be entered on the docket, for which a fee of twelve cents is to be paid. Dogs so registered are declared to be personal property, and as much the subject of larceny as any other kind of personal property; and any one stealing a dog so registered is liable to prosecution and indictment, and on conviction shall be sentenced to such fine or imprisonment, or both, as the court may think proper.

Greek vs. Greek.

Sometime ago the subscription list of the *Watchman* was stolen from that office. At first thought, Meek, as a matter of course, blamed it upon the honest Republicans of this place. After following that clue for awhile, the phantom disappeared, when the ungrateful ink-slinger struck out on another line. This time he fell heavily upon our modest friends, the Greenbackers, and continued to blame the theft upon them, until, like Cæsar, the thought flashed through his maddened brain that he had been stabbed in the house of his friends. Last week he cried, "And thou too, Brutus!" meaning Kurtz, of the Centre Hall *Reporter*, who Meek alleges is conniving with a pack of thieves. "Alas, for the rarity of human charity," Peter! Often, yea, annoyingly often, are ways of pretended friends, dark and inscrutable. With the inspired writer of long ago, we exclaim, "the way of the transgressor is hard!" Selah.

—An exchange views the circus question as follows: "After considering the question all winter we come to the conclusion every spring that the circus is immoral; but when the bill poster comes along with the big pictures, and our mind changes. As we gaze at the big lions, tigers and monkeys, and think that nature made all of them, we are not sure. And when we look at the beautiful young lady, with nothing on but a blue ribbon around her waist, with one leg pointing to six o'clock and the other to high noon, and think that nature made her, too, just as she was, except the ribbon, we begin to lean up to the circus. But when the brass band begins to play and the elephants go round, we rush for a front seat to get in ahead of the ministers, who always wear stovepipe hats and won't sit down in front."

—The lumber shipments from Lock Haven up to last week were about ten million feet more than in 1877. Reports from log jobs are encouraging, and many men are at present employed. If this activity continues until next spring, the poor authorities of Lock Haven will be relieved of a big load. With returning prosperity in other branches of business, there should also be in the lumber trade.

—From the *Watchman* we learn that "Judge" Benjamin Ligget, of Eagleville, had his right foot badly hurt by treading on a loose board in a bad piece of side walk in that town a few nights ago. He was walking with a couple of friends after night, when one of them stepped on the end of the board, which flew up, and the "Judge" tramped right on the edge of it in some way, thereby injuring one of the bones of his foot.

—An Altoona correspondent of the *Sun*, writing from Bellefonte, says this of the Bush House: "I have a word of advice to any Altoonians going to Bellefonte. It is this—stop at the Bush House. It is one of the largest and best kept hotels in Central Pennsylvania, and its proprietor, Mr. Hoppes, personally sees that every want of his guests is supplied."

—Col. Seeley, of the Jersey Shore *Herald*, is not afraid of the libel suit pending against him. He says, "we have heard too much thunder in our time to be alarmed at a libel suit—and to-day we feel calm and cool in regard to it, perfectly willing that the difficulties between us may be tried before an intelligent jury.

—Excursion tickets for Salt River may be procured by our Democratic friends of Chairman Gephart, P. G. Meek, or of the State Committee. Tickets good for three hundred years.

—The new Howe machine carried away from Paris gold medal and honorable mention. Grand success.

The Last Grand Gasp for Dill!

With hundreds of Republicans and Greenbackers we attended the big Democratic demonstration at Philipsburg last Saturday. On our arrival at the depot several hundred people met us, prominent among whom was J. N. Cassanova, of Cuban fame. Before the train had come to a standstill, the "exotic plant from Cuba's genial soil" tore from the left lapel of his overcoat a dazzling tin star and pinned it someplace out of sight. Whether it was intended to designate him Chief Burgess or captain of the police we didn't learn, but it surprised us a little to see him tear from his breast the insignia of rank.

The crowd moved to a shed called a "wigwam," the inside of which was adorned with flags and fun-provoking cartoons. Nothing of special importance occurred at this place except the rendering of plenty of good music by several bands.

There was one point which bothered many visitors, viz: Where can we get something to eat? The town had a number of good hotels, from which we selected the Loyd House, and obtained an excellent meal. Several hundred people enjoyed Mr. Loyd's hospitality, and every one expressed himself as highly pleased with the bill of fare and accommodations.

Not long after dinner a body of horsemen arrived from Clearfield, who after passing through several streets halted at the wigwam and disbanded for refreshments. At the proper time Mr. Cassanova ascended the stand at the wigwam and nominated the officers of the meeting. When the time for voting came the wily Spaniard's silk hat would shoot up into the air just the length of his arm; then it would descend upon his head and rest until another voting time. Upon the stand were other Democratic lights, and they all joined heartily in cheering. Governor Bigler, President, made his usual opening speech and introduced Ex-Governor Hendricks, of Indiana. The ex-Vice Presidential candidate is a pleasant talker, but his speech had no especial weight. Ex-Governor Walker, of Virginia, made an apology for a speech. It was a rebel production and showed very little effect of the reconstruction measure upon our southern brother. In speaking of the Presidential matter, this ex-rebel said: "Our leaders—or pretended leaders—said there should be no blood shed in the settlement of this question, but, fellow-citizens, I was not of that opinion. I was in favor of maintaining our rights." This was the substance of his remarks on this matter, and it maddened the Republicans. Many bitter remarks were heard against the ex-governor, and we doubt very much whether his speech had the desired effect. It was replete with dry, stale jokes, which served only to bring forth occasional outbursts of laughter from his hearers. Ex-Governor Curtin, of Bellefonte, and a certain Dr. Bull, of Philadelphia followed in speeches which we didn't hear. Bull's, we learn, was a composition of humorous sayings, and of course neither edified or enlightened anyone.

In short, their speeches were barren of logic, sound argument, or common sense. Composed of false theories and base propositions, they fell as dead matter upon the audience, which, by the way, never numbered a thousand persons at one time. Our friends may congratulate themselves upon the crowd that filled the town, but we fear the end desired was not attained. With such an array of alleged talent, we supposed there would have been creditable speeches, at least. Personal abuse found no restraint, and otherwise vindictive utterances flowed freely.

A prominent feature of the day was the presence of eight brass bands, among which were the ones from Bellefonte, Centre Hall and Lock Haven. There was no want of music, the performances of the various organizations attracting much attention.

—The Murphy Temperance Union have inaugurated a series of sociables, which will be held at various private residences in town. Last Monday night week the first was held at the house of S. S. Lyon, Esq., and a very pleasant time resulted. The next will be held at Daniel Rhoads, Esq., next Monday night. A good programme of amusements is in preparation.

—Our Democratic friends have ordered a canal boat from Lock Haven, in which they expect to start for Salt River early next Wednesday morning. The boat will leave the *Watchman* office at sunrise and proceed due north through the Dutch Gap canal.

—Spring Creek was a "little up" last week from the heavy rains on Tuesday night and Wednesday morning.

—Col. Seeley, of the Jersey Shore *Herald*, has been sued for libel. That kind of fun is getting monotonous.

Republican Mass-Meeting.

The second Republican mass-meeting for this campaign was held in the Court House last Friday night. Jas. H. Rankin, Esq., in the absence of Chairman Love, called the meeting to order. Hon. James Milliken was called to the chair. Henry Ryman, of Milesburg, and William McFarlane, of Harris, were made Vice-Presidents. A. S. Grow and Frank Montgomery acted as Secretaries.

Mr. Milliken, by request, delivered a few well-timed and interesting remarks upon the Paris Exposition and European matters generally. At the opening of his address he referred to the fact of his being considerable of a traveler, and said that every time he came home he was a better and truer American. The Paris Exposition, as a whole, was disappointing, compared with other world's fairs, all of which it had been his good fortune to visit. It was not so large or as well arranged as our Exposition, although more fine arts, gold and silver ornaments and precious stones were on exhibition. In mechanical arts the French people are behind and cannot compete with the United States. Our country's exhibit was very meagre, because a Democratic Congress did not provide sufficient money to allow our people an opportunity of making a creditable show of mechanical inventions. In speaking of the prizes awarded, Mr. Milliken said that our exhibitors had received more, in proportion, than any other nation. He paid a glowing tribute to the French people for their energy and perseverance, and closed his speech by introducing Hon. Galusha A. Grow, Ex-Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives, who Mr. Milliken styled the soldiers' friend; who had left his post in Washington and visited "the boys" in camp.

Mr. Grow's speech was probably the most learned, exhaustive one on finances that the people of Bellefonte ever listened to. It was so plain that the most unlearned could understand, and so full of sound argument that the most skeptical could not help believe. For over two hours the distinguished orator and statesman talked to his hearers, who did not tire, but remained quiet and attentive. He practically illustrated the kinds of money in use, the value thereof, and their relative bearing to each other. There was no personal abuse of candidates in his discourse, but he dealt manly with political opponents, and closed as follows:

As to candidates, your patience will admit of but a word. General Hoyt, the Republican candidate for Governor, has by his own energy and inherent force of character, without the fortuitous aid of wealth or family influence, carved his way to honorable distinction. A farmer boy, unaided and alone, he worked his way thro' the schools, and into the legal profession, at one of the most distingushed bars in the Commonwealth for culture and judicial learning, and over which he was at one time presiding judge. But when liberty and the institutions of the country were in danger, he left all for the battle-fields of the republic.

Of his associates on the ticket, I need only say, that each has been tested in official positions, and, as you all know, discharged their duties wisely and well. But candidates are but representatives of their respective organizations, and each is to be passed on by the voter.

What has the Democratic party done? For a third of a century it stood with its baying bloodhounds, obedient to the mandates of the task-master, ever ready to sieze the panting fugitive, guilty of no bondage. By its theories of State sovereignty, it made a barricade of the constitution of the United States, behind which treason could intrench itself in its deadly assaults upon the life of the republic.

At last its southern wing in defiance of the will of the majority, constitutionally expressed at the ballot-box, appealed to the cartridge-box to nullify that decision, and destroy the institutions of our fathers. In the effort they hung the land in the sable habiliments of mourning and woe; drenched its soil with martyr blood, and flooded it with widows' and orphans' tears.

The northern wing of the party would have brought this war to an ignominious close on a dissolved Union and ruined Republic. While the boom of cannon from the victorious and decisive battlefields of Gettysburg, still nerved and cheered the patriot heart, as it echoed down the centuries, this party met in convention at Chicago, and declared the war a failure and demanded an immediate cessation of hostilities.

In this night of national disaster had the councils and policy of the Democratic party prevailed, as expressed in its conventions, in its leading organs, by its votes in Congress and State Legislatures, the sun of our first century of existence would have set upon a severed Union, with three thousand miles of hostile frontier, lined with frowning battlements and bristling cannon: thus entailing upon coming generations the countless woes of endless border conflicts. For if the people between the Lakes and the Gulf could not live together in peace as one nation, they certainly could not as two.

What has the Republican party done? It dedicated by legislative enactment and consecrated forever the unoccupied public lands of the Union in FREE HOMES FOR FREE MEN, and bade the sons of toil everywhere come sit under their own vine and fig tree, secure against homeless poverty and want.

It saved the life of the Republic in the hour of its direst peril; thus preserving the ark and covenant of liberty to coming times. It broke the the chain of the bondman, so that the sun in his course across the continent from ocean to ocean no longer rises on a master or sets on a slave. And the martyr President seals with his blood the emancipation of a race, and grasping four millions of broken cofles, ascends to the bosom of his God. Henceforth the Goddess of Liberty can rear her alters without shuddering at the clank of the chain riveted by her professed votaries, and wherever on earth's broad surface wrong is done to bleeding humanity, every American heart will beat in sympathy, and if powerless to do aught else, will drop a tear o'er the sad fate of the oppressed.

"He that Giveth to the Poor Lendeth to the Lord."

After our bank bursted, we had on hand an immense sum of the money which we distributed among our friends. Last week we shipped to the employees of the Lock Haven *Daily Journal* $50,000 of our currency, requesting of the "boys" not to quit work immediately, in order that the proprietor might procure other employees. In doing this, we were actuated by good motives: first, we know that our Lock Haven friends are as poor as Job's turkey and would gladly accept the favor; second, the good book says, "he that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord," and that was another consideration. The following shows how grateful the recipients are:

A. S. Grow, of the Bellesonte REPUBLICAN, presented the employees of the *Journal* office, yesterday, with fifty thousand dollars—campaign "fiat" money—and gave the "boys" the privilege of drawing on his bank for fifty thousand more, if wanted. We always knew Al. to be a first rate, liberal-hearted fellow, and are glad to learn that he is getting "immensely rich at this business" in Bellefonte. But it was "just too funny" to see the devil lighting his old clay pipe with a thousand dollar bill, in a manner that said, "Who cares for expenses?"

—A former teacher and resident of this county, Mr. W. G. Waring, has adapted from the French a method of teaching spelling to the hand directly without first teaching the ear. The method was shown at the Centennial, but was not of a nature to attract attention in the absence of its application. It is held by the educationists who took the highest honors at the Centennial to be the greatest improvement in primary school instruction, and therefore in all school training. It has been in use in the Tyrone schools for some months, with increasing approval and extension. The system, with exercises for three mos., is included in a twenty cent pamphlet just published by Sower, Potts & Co., Philadelphia. It is known as "Homography. Teachers are advised to look into it.

—The *Herald* editor begs for a turkey with which to stuff himself on Thanksgiving day. Rooster is sometimes relished with more avidity than turkey, and after Tuesday next the *Herald* people, instead of sacrificing that "bird" at the head of their column, should pen him up for the longed-for feast.

—The next Quarterly Meeting of the M. E. church, in this place, will be held next Monday. Love Feast Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, and the sacrament of the Lord's Supper after regular morning service. Presiding Elder Swallow will preach on Sunday evening.

—A 13-year old son of Samuel Kearns, of Mifflin county, died from the effects of a blow administered by a colt. His father found him in the stable unconscious, with a fearful indentation in the side of his head.

—Green's Syrup of Tar, Honey and Bloodroot is acknowledged to be the best cough medicine in the market. Try it.

READING NOTICES.

HONEY!—Why it is the purest sweet in the world. It is, and has been, used in the healing art, to the satisfaction of thousands, who can say ought of white, beautiful honey, gathered from the countless thousands of the splendid flowers that adorn our fields and gardens. HOREHOUND! What mother lives that is not acquainted with its virtues in banishing Coughs and Colds from the family; why it is so well known that every candy shop would lose its custom unless horehound candy occupied a place, and the most prominent position in every show-case. TAR looks black, and ladies raise their skirt for fear of getting their clothes soiled; yet it is the vegetable production of the beautiful pine tree that grows in our southern forests; and by the aid of chemistry it is found to contain medical qualities universally admitted by physicians of the highest standing. Its preserving qualities are well understood by every shipowner; and when contagion, disease and death infect their vessels they fumigate the polluted ship from stem to stern with tar, thus removing the demon of disease and death, insuring the health and life of every passenger on board. HONEY, HOREHOUND AND TAR, combined together, aided by science and the highest chemical skill, form a remedy admitted by the most experienced physicians as the best, most certain and harmless preparation every made for the *radical and speedy cure* of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza and all Bronchial affections leading to Consumption, from which thousands are suffering. This valuable remedy is known as

HALL'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR.

Prices 50 cents and $1. Great saving by purchasing large size. Sold by all Druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute. 42-4t

LADIES' BEAUTIFIERS.—Ladies, you cannot make fair skin, rosy cheeks and sparkling eyes with all the cosmetics of France, or beautifires of the world, while in poor health, and nothing will give you such good health, strength and beauty as Hop Bitters. A trial is certain proof. See another column. 42-2t

CONSUMPTION CURED.—An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send, free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, New York. 42-4t

Dr. VanDyke's Sulphur Soap.

DR. VANDYKE, whose life long speciality, and world-wide reputation for curing Skin Diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an EXTERNAL TREATMENT. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "SULPHUR SOAP," the merits of which is spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cts., by mail, 35 cts a box; 3 cakes, 60 cts., by mail, 75 cts. Office, 50 north 5th St. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

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Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Oct. 30, 1878.

Our merchants have no reason to complain of their fall trade so far. We heard a gentleman, whose business it is to travel from town to town soliciting buyers to deal with him, remark that this was the liveliest little town he had been in since he left Philadelphia, and he had been in a great many. Competition keeps prices at such small margins that buyers are beginning to learn that they are getting the worth of their money; not only that, but the variety of goods in stock here is another inducement for our country friends to patronize our stores.

FLOUR.—We do not learn that a reduction in the price of flour has been made to correspond with the recent reduction in the price of wheat. When wheat advances in price, flour advances at once; but it seldom occurs that the price of flour is reduced on the decline of wheat until buyers complain. Five dollars and forty cents is an extortionate price for a barrel of flour when wheat is selling at eighty-five cents per bushel. Come down, dealers, before you are forced to succumb.

WHEAT.—The wheat market is dull and prices are lower, and bids fair to remain so until after the holidays. So long as this market is dependent on the Philadelphia market for the sale of our surplus wheat, we mention a few facts for the benefit of our farmers. In the first place, the farmers of Delaware, Maryland and New Jersey raise about the same quality of wheat as is raised in Pennsylvania, which also seeks the Philadelphia market. Nearly all the farmers of these States thresh their wheat before the winter season begins, for the reason that they have no barns in which to house or store their grain, consequently they are compelled to put it into market as fast as made ready. This year the supply is almost in excess of the demand, and will necessarily depress prices till after the holidays at least, at which time the bulk of this grain has been marketed, after which, as has heretofore been the rule, the market for our wheat is more firm and prices advance. It is generally believed that what has governed the wheat market in years past will be in effect the same during the coming winter and spring, and the best speculation a capitalist can go into is to buy wheat at 85 to 90 cents and hold it for the spring trade. This is certainly encouragement for farmers to hold theirs until sledding season at least.

CORN.—In corn there is little doing. We notice the delivery of small lots of new cob, but the supply of home production will hardly meet local consumption during the year. The west will be called on to make up the deficit.

RYE.—The transactions are light.

OATS.—In oats the demand is for home consumption only.

SEED.—The shipments of clover seed have been very far above the average during the week, owing to the annual visit of a Lancaster buyer, who usually draws his supply from Centre county farmers, who, we learn, paid four dollars per bushel of sixty-four pounds, at the depot.

HAY.—Hay continues plenty, for the best of which ten dollars per ton is the price delivered in town.

APPLES.—For very choice winter fifty cents per bushel is being paid; but the market is weak and the demand light at this price.

POTATOES.—The market for white potatoes is firm, and prices have an upward tendency. Sweet potatoes are in full supply, and the price is about the same as for white.

BEEF.—The supply of beef by the quarter has been very limited, which has been selling at six to seven cents per pound by the quarter. As the supply increases, prices will go down to four and five cents at least.

PORK.—The outlook for pork indicates low prices, perhaps as low as four cents per pound by the hog. The farmers will not gingle much gold out of pork profits this year.

QUOTATIONS.

White wheat per bushel	$ 85
Red wheat	85
Rye per bushel	50
Corn, ear	50
Corn, shelled	50
Oats new	25
Cloverseed	4 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00@5 20
Flour, wholesale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$10 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bandled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per pound	6
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Bacon	10
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel	70
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	50
Dried sweet corn per pound	
Small onions per quart	